THE BEAVER ARGUS,

IS PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY, in the old Argus building, on Third Street, Beaver, Pa., at

TWO DOLLARS PER YEAR IN ADVANCE.

Single copies of the paper will be furnished, in wrappers, at *five cents* each.

Communications on subjects of local or general interest are respectfully solicited. To insure attention, favors of this kind must invariably be accompanied by the name of the author, not for publication, but as a guaranty against imposition.

Letters and communications should be addressed to

J. WEYAND, *Editor & Proprietor.*

# THE BEAVER ARGUS.

Vol. 49—No. 40. Beaver, Pa., Wednesday, October 2, 1867. Established 1818.

**Beaver Salt Manufacturing Co.**

THIS COMPANY IS NOW MANUFACTURING and prepared to sell a superior article of salt at their works, on Beecon Creek, ½ mile from the Ohio river. All orders left at the Works, or letters addressed to S. B. French, Beaver, Pa., will receive prompt attention. [jy17'67.

**Administrator's Notice.**—Letters of Administration on the estate of MARTHA A. PATTERSON, wife of Samuel G. Patterson, late of Beaver borough, Beaver county, Pa., dec'd having been granted to the undersigned, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the estate of said dec'd will make them known without delay.

SAMUEL G. PATTERSON, Adm'r.
Beaver borough.

**IS THAT SO!!**

THOMAS CAMPBELL,

SOLE OWNER OF THE BRIDGEWATER FOUNDRY,

Continues to Manufacture

The Unequalled Cooking Stove,

**Crystal Palace.**

*BEDROOM, PARLOR, AND HEATING STOVES,*

Large and small sizes, all

*MANTLE AND JAM GRATES,*

and various other Castings.

Also on hand and for sale a great variety of Second-hand Stoves, as good as new, and very cheap. Odd Pieces for repairs for the different patterns of Crystal Palace and Enterprise Stoves promptly furnished.

All orders for stoves attended to without delay, and delivered free of charge.

**YES, THAT'S SO!**

apl1,67 3m.

**THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE!**

THAT ON THE 5TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, A. D. 1867, a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the Estate of Daniel C. Mead, of Smith's Ferry, in the County of Beaver and State of Pennsylvania, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such Bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by Law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said Bankrupt, to prove their Debts, and to choose one or more Assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the Heron House, New Brighton, Beaver county, Pa., before Joseph B. Donley, Register, on the 9th day of October, A. D. 1867, at 10 o'clock, A. M.

THOMAS A. ROWLEY,
sept11'67-3t U. S. Marshal.

**FALL AND WINTER GOODS.**

I have just received a new stock of Goods of the

LATEST STYLES,

FOR FALL AND WINTER WEAR,

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS

CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

CLOTHING MADE TO ORDER.

In latest and most fashionable styles, and at short notice.

J. BEAVER,
Brighton, New Brighton, Pa.

**THE VERY LATEST!**

**4TH**

GRAND OPENING OF

**SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS**

AT

**GEALY'S NEW**

**Millinery, Trimming**

AND

**SHOE EMPORIUM!**

WATT GEALY'S NEW STORE is on the corner of the RED POST, in BRIDGEWATER.

N. B.—I HAVE REMOVED TO THE ROOM lately occupied by J. M. HICKEY, where I intend to sell my old and new goods for the CASH.

I have a large and splendid Stock of Millinery, Trimming, &c., &c., which I will sell very cheap.

**MILLINERY,**

Consisting of Silk and Straw Bonnets, Ladies' Hats, Ribbons, Flowers, Ruches, &c., &c.

**TRIMMINGS,**

Velvets, Velvet and Satin Bands, Gimps, Cords and Tassels, Chenille, Engroise Ruffles, Buttons, &c.

BALMORAL AND HOOP SKIRTS, CORSETS, HAIR NETS, BELTS, BUCKLES, &c.

**Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods, Gent's & Ladies' Paper Collars.**

MEN AND BOYS' HATS AND CAPS, NECK TIES, SUSPENDERS, UNDERSHIRTS AND DRAWERS, WHITE SHIRTS, PAPER COLLARS, &c.;

**Hosiery and Gloves,**

LADIES' CLOTHS, ALL COLORS,

SPRING AND SUMMER DRESS GOODS AND SHAWLS, VERY CHEAP.

**SHOES.**

For women, a large lot, very cheap. Call and see.

**MILLINERY.**

BONNETS ALTERED AND CLEANED, CHEAP.

**Stamping, Pinking and Cloak Cutting and Making on short notice.**

MEN'S SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER. MACHINE STITCHING.

**CALL AND SEE ME.**

NO TROUBLE TO SHOW GOODS.

REMEMBER THE PLACE.

The room below Gibbs & Shallenberger's Grocery and large sign of the RED POST, Waterstreet, Bridgewater.

WATT GEALY.

**NOTICE.**

ALL persons knowing themselves indebted to A. Ephraim Smith, by note or otherwise, are requested to call at the Fullston Woolen Mill, without delay, and settle their indebtedness.

jy3 67:6mos. EPHRAIM SMITH.

**NOTICE.**

The undersigned having purchased the Fullston Woolen Mills, formerly owned by Ephraim Smith, and fitted it up with the most improved machinery, are prepared to manufacture Woolen Goods in the best possible manner; comprising Blankets, Cloth, Jeans, Yarn, Etc.

We also keep on hand goods of our own manufacture to exchange for wool or cash. CASS & LOWRY.

jy11, 67:6mos.

**LIME, LIME.**

THE undersigned thankful for past favors, takes pleasure in informing the people in Borough township and vicinity, that he still continues to manufactur and sell the best article of LIME, at the

"POWER LIME KILNS."

In Vanport, two miles west of Beaver, Pa. All orders promptly and carefully filled. The best of lime now made can be bought at my Kilns at 25 cts per bushel.

je26 67:3mos. AMOS DOUTT.

**Peoples Savings Bank of Pittsburg!**

*INCORPORATED IN 1866.*

**CAPITAL - - - $100,000.**

*OFFICE NO. 80, FOURTH STREET.*

PRESIDENT:
HENRY LLOYD.

VICE PRESIDENT:
WILLIAM REA.

TRUSTEES:

| | |
|---|---|
| HENRY LLOYD, | WILLIAM REA, |
| JAMES I. BENNETT, | JAMES LIPPINCOTT, |
| E. P. JONES, | JOHN D. SCULLY, |
| WM. M. GORMLY, | WILLIAM A. HERRON. |

SECRETARY AND TREASURER:
SIDNEY F. VON BONNHORST.

SIX per cent. interest allowed on time deposits. Investments made in United States, State of Pennsylvania and Local Real Estate securities. Bank open daily (Sundays excepted) from 9 o'clock, A. M. to 4 o'clock, P. M., and on Wednesday and Saturday evenings, from 6 to 9 o'clock, P. M.

NOTICE.—Interest will be allowed from 1st of July. Time deposits will bear interest from 1st or 15th of each month if made prior to or on those dates.

jy3'67:3mos.

**TINWARE.**

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF

**Tin, Copper & Sheet-Iron Ware.**

I PROPOSE KEEPING CONSTANTLY ON HAND all kinds of TIN, COPPER AND SHEET-IRON WARE, which I will sell

*AT THE LOWEST PRICES!*

**Tin Roofing, Spouting & Job Work**

Done to order in the best possible manner, and at the shortest notice.

Using none but the best of material, and having none but the best of workmen,

WE WARRANT ALL WORK!

*SHOP ON THE LOWER END OF*

**Third Street,**

**BEAVER, PA.**

*Give us a Call, and Examine our Stock.*

**Japanned ware kept constantly on hand.**

my17'67 O. R. ANSHUTZ.

**The Greatest**

**BARGAINS IN DRY GOODS**

—AT—

**Nelson & Roessler's**

Next door to WILSON & STEWART'S

**BOOT & SHOE STORE**

IN THE DIAMOND,

**ROCHESTER, PA.**

A complete line of

**Dry Goods, Trimmings, Notions**

And a large variety of HATS, all of which will be offered at Prices

**Without Regard to Cost.**

Give us a call to examine our Goods and judge for yourself.

**C. A. Decarme,**

MANUFACTURER OF AND DEALER IN ALL kinds of CIGARS, TOBACCO, SNUFFS, &c. &c. Prices moderate. Motto: Quick sales and small profits. Shop on the corner, nearly opposite the Post Office, Beaver, Pa. jy11'67,tf.

**Administrator's Notice.**—Letters of Administration on the estate of ESTER GUYTON, of Beaver, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the estate of said deceased will make known the same without delay.

A. JACOCK, Administrator,
Rochester tp.
sept25'67:6t.

**Strayed.**

STRAYED FROM THE PREMISES OF THE subscriber, living in Rochester, Pa., on or about the 1st of August, a large white cow, about 8 years old, good order, and not giving milk. Any person returning said cow, or giving information where she may be found, will be liberally rewarded. H. DONCASTER.

**LAUGHING GAS**

ADMINISTERED BY DR. MURRAY, BRIDGEWATER, PA., in extracting teeth. I have added to my many other facilities for the successful prosecution of my profession, this invaluable pain-killing agent. All branches of Dentistry performed in the best and most modern style. All work done as cheaply, and fifty per cent. better than at any other Steam Dental Establishment in the State. [myj1'67

**Coal and Nut Coal for Sale.**

THE UNDERSIGNED THANKFUL FOR THE patronage heretofore bestowed upon him, takes pleasure in informing the citizens of Rochester, Bridgewater, Beaver and surrounding country, that he is still prepared to furnish an excellent article of Coal and Nut Coal, on short notice, either delivered, or at the Bank, on the best of terms. The Bank is located on M'Kinley's Run, near Rochester, Pa. Orders left there, or at the Store of Thomas Allison, in Bridgewater, or at the Prothonotary's office in Beaver, will be promptly filled. Capt. Seely is Agent in Rochester, Pa.

jy18 67:1y. J. C. MOLTER,
Bridgewater, Pa.

**THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE!**

THAT ON THE 7TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, A. D. 1867, a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the Estate of ROSE FORWOOD, of Beaver, in the County of Beaver, and State of Pennsylvania, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such Bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by Law; that a meeting of the Creditors, of the said Bankrupt, to prove their Debts, and to choose one or more Assignees of his Estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the Huron House, New Brighton, Beaver County, Pa., before Joseph B. Donley, Register, on the 10th day of October, A. D. 1867, at 9 o'clock, A. M.

THOMAS A. ROWLEY,
sept11'67-3t U. S. Marshal.

**HOWE'S SEWING MACHINES.**

THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING RETIRED FROM the tailoring business, in Bridgewater, Pa., will in the future, devote his whole time and attention to the sale of Howe's Admitted Sewing Machines. His warerooms is in the building formerly occupied by himself and Mr. Miller, as a Tailor Shop. These Machines range in price from $65 to 85, and will be delivered in good order to persons purchasing them. An experienced person will accompany each machine sold, and the purchaser will be thoroughly instructed in its use.

He will also keep sewing machine needles, machine oil, silk, thread and all articles needed in sewing, and dispose of them at reasonable rates. Thankful to the public for favors heretofore received, he solicits, in his new business, a continuance of the same.

sept18'67:tf. JOSEPH BRICN.

**GRAND AUCTION**

OF

**BOOTS & SHOES,**

BY

**Wilson & Dickey,**

**Beaver, Pa.,**

*THURSDAY, October 3d, 1867.*

At 9 o'clock, A. M., consisting of

Mens' D. S. Sewed Calf Boots
" " " Kip Pegged "
" " " Balmorals
" " " Gaiter Boots
" " Kip Brogans
Ladies Kid Gaiters and Bals.
" Serge Gaiters & Lace Boots
" Calf Pegged Balmorals
Misses Gaiters, Shoes & Slippers
Childrens' Balmorals Gaiters and Copper Tip Shoes
Boys Kip Boots, Steel Heeled and Copper Tip
Fancy Childrens' Shoes and Polish Boots

The above mentioned goods will be sold regardless of cost.

*All work warranted.* [sept25'67:2t.

**FALL & WINTER GOODS!**

I HAVE JUST RECEIVED A NEW STOCK OF GOODS, of the

LATEST STYLES,

**FOR FALL & WINTER WEAR.**

**Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods**

CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

CLOTHING MADE TO ORDER

In latest and most fashionable styles, and at short notice.

WILLIAM REICH,
Stewart's Row, Bridge street,
sept18'67. Bridgewater, Pa.

**DRY GOODS.**

AT

**WHOLESALE.**

**M'ELROY, DICKSON & CO.**

**No. 54 Wood Street,**

**PITTSBURGH, PA.**

Now offer to dealers their

**FALL STOCK,**

AT

**LOW PRICES FOR CASH.**

**Dry Goods & Notions,**

IN GREAT VARIETY.

SEPTEMBER, 1867.

**The Widow's Son.—A Found at Antietam.**

Upon the battle-field of Antietam, after the fearful conflict of the 17th, a soldier was found lying dead, with his face upon his arm, and his arm resting upon a rock, as though he had fallen asleep. He was examined, but no mark of violence could be found upon his body, and it was evident that he had died of exhaustion. In his pocket was found a piece of paper, upon which was written the following touching story:

In the green valley of the Cumberland
A little hamlet, walled on either hand
By the rugged mountain range, is found;
Through which the silver Susquehanna flows,
Half hidden, in the shadow of the woods,
An unpretending little brown cottage stood,
As humble place—yet full of calm content
This home of two, whose loving hearts were one—
Old age and youth, in pure affection blended—
A widow and her only son, lived there,
So the grown ivy clasps the towering walnut tree,
Each holding each, till both together fell
She lived for him—and still at night and morn,
Committed him in secret to her God;
His life was her's; his aim to pluck each thorn
Which lay before her in the path they trod;
His highest hope, her fervent prayer to bless;
And his supreme reward, his mother's smile.

Thus undisturbed the peaceful days would pass,
And all around gave promise of repose,
When slowly, in the sunny Southern sky
An angry cloud, with gathering blackness rose—
The elements in strange commotion stirred;
And murdering thunders in the air were heard!
It came and it was the storm of civil war—
And the bright heavens with darkness were o'ercast;
From hill to hill, the bale-fires blazed aloft,
And, through the vales shrieked the shrill bugle blast,
While, from the North, rushed Freedom's loyal sons,
In prompt response to Sumpter's signal gun!

No patriot paused—from every dwelling fled
Rose the stern chorus of the battle cry!
The dusty highway, teemed with armed men,
Resolved to conquer and content to die!
And with that dauntless host was numbered one,
Known from his childhood as "The Widow's Son."

Dark was the day, when sad, but self-possessed,
He left his mother at the cottage door—
In fears she pressed him to her aching breast,
With trembling lips, she blessed him o'er and o'er!
Then sweetly smiling, to disguise her woe,
Blessed him again—and calmly bade him go.

She gazed upon his form, as through the wood,
He'er looking back, he hurriedly withdrew!
And lingering, at the open door-way stood,
Long after he had vanished from her view!
And still, with feeble step, she came each day,
To watch the path by which he passed away,
But ever there she wished not his return,
For she had yielded him at Duty's shrine;
And, though the summons had seemed almost stern,
She had not faltered, and did not repine!
She deemed him now still, dearer than before,
And yet she loved her suffering country more.

The months were on—the changing seasons passed,
And, faithful to his trust, he wearied not;
But through the burning heat and freezing blast,
Met, with a cheerful zeal, his toils and foes.
A patriot soldier, whose heroic heart
Of Freedom's mighty bulwark formed a part.

'Twas in the autumn, and the sinking sun tinted
Upper the green hill-tops with a golden hue,
Where the broad, starry flag of Liberty waved
Through the bloody banks to fertile fields below,
Where Nature has bestowed, with lavish hand,
Her richest gifts to glad old Maryland.

The sky was cloudless and the air serene;
The distance faded in the closing light—
When, from above, to mortify the scene,
The saintly stars came beaming through the night:
But in the darkness, on the earth beneath,
Stalked bloody War, and by his side was Death!

For, in that valley, stretching far away,
Beyond the margin of the crystal flood,
Rebellion's recreant host, in fierce array,
Led by the minions of foul treason, stood;
While, to the verge of the opposing bank,
The patriot army rested, rank on rank.

The morning dawned—but scarce it dawned, before
The din of battle on the silence broke;
Hurled, in the blazing cannon's deafning roar,
Down the dim vale, through clouds of sulphurous smoke—
Then, swept the patriot squadrons through the tide,
And deadly conflict raged on every side.

The flaming lines fought sternly—hand to hand:
The stirring air was rent with shot and shell,
The rattling musket, and the clashing brand,
The charging trumpet, and the piercing yell!
While frantic steeds rushed, riderless, away,
And crushed the dead and dying as they lay.

Great was the slaughter—o'er the crimson field,
From heaps of carnage, rose expiring groans—
When suddenly above the combat, pealed
The trumpet of Victory, in exultant tones,
As Treason's banner, with its bloody bars,
Fell to the dust, before the stripes and stars!

The strife was ended, and the battle won;
The troubled air grew tranquil as before,
And, in the effulgence of the setting sun,
The verdant hills were beautified once more:
But thousands who hailed that opening morn,
Were ghastly, broken, bleeding, and forlorn.

'Twas on that night—and in a shattered wood,
Torn in the fight, and open to the sky,
With mangled frame, and faint from loss of blood,
A youthful soldier had lain down to die—
Though many a friendly form was round him strown,
He rested there in silence—and alone.

It was "The Widow's Son"—with upturned face,
His eyes were fixed upon the starry dome;
But painful consciousness had given place
To a sweet vision of his happy home:
His mother met him at the open door—
She clasped him in her loving arms once more!

The fancy fled—he turned his gaze below,
And, in the distance, through the shade, descried,
One, with a flaming torch, pass to and fro,
Who, drawing near, came quickly to his side;
And kneeling by him on the bloody ground,
Essayed, with care, to staunch each streaming wound.

He seemed a stranger—and in mute surprise,
The soldier scanned his kindly features o'er,
No martial badge adorned his simple guise;
No glittering weapon at his side, he wore;
But, in the sacred bond of sympathy,
A BROTHER and a CHRISTIAN claimed to be.

A Christian brother—of that noble band
Who practice what the blessed Savior taught;
Whose labors are the glory of our land;
Whose great commission from high heaven was brought,
When o'er the silent plains of Bethlehem, rang
The blissome anthem which the angels sang.

He brought the sufferer from the dreary wood,
And through the field, amid the prostrate dead,
Down to the roadside, where a cottage stood,
And found him there a shelter, and a bed;
Then smoothed his throbbing brow, and tangled hair,
And watched him with a father's tender care.

But all in vain—for, with the waning night,
His breath grew shorter, and his strength failed fast,
Till, in the early morning's misty light,
The hour approached which was to be the last;
And, with a quivering lip and tearful eye,
The faithful stranger told him he must die.

Then, drawing still more closely to his side,
Spoke of the Savior's love to fallen men,
Of Him who, sinless, for the sinful died;
Told him that those who die may live again;
And calling on his knees, in earnest prayer,
He bore him to the cross and left him there.

That prayer prevailed—the soldier raised his eyes;
And softly, whispered, "Lord, remember me."
Then, as from the gates of Paradise,
He seemed an angel, in the gloom to see;
A heavenly glory o'er his features spread,
Before that his mother's name, and he was dead!

'Twas on that night the widow sat alone
Of this her little cottage in the vale;
Her thin, white hair had still more silvery grown,
Her brow, more furrowed and her cheek more pale;
Some strong presentiment had banished sleep,
And held her thus a weary watch to keep.

The hours went on—she noted not their flight;
She rose and slowly tottered to the door,
And, in the rising moon's uncertain light,
Gazed down the path she oft had watched before.

She saw a figure, through the wood it pressed,
And her lost son was folded on her breast!

The day appeared; its brightened glory gleamed
Down the dark mountain, 'mid the vapory air,
And through the cottage window streamed;
But all was silent—only Death was there,
For, ere that morning cast its beams abroad,
The widow, with her son, had gone, to God!

**Voters of Pennsylvania!**

Under no circumstances cease to remember that the contest at the polls in this State, to take place on the second Tuesday in October will decide issues involved all that is important and essential to the peace, permanence and prosperity of the nation. The Republican candidate for the humblest office in the gift of the people represents a great principle and his election is necessary to secure the success of that principle. The Republican party saved the country from treason. Had the Copperheads been let alone, the slaveholders rebellion would have been a triumph. We would have had a divided country. Jeff Davis would have been enthroned a tyrant in the South, and the people of the North compelled to pay tribute for his support. Republican policy and Republican bayonets defeated these dangers. Nevertheless the Copperheads of the North are still the friends of traitors and are struggling now for political victories for power to revive the war of treason. Hence, we assert, it is, as necessary to defeat the Copperheads at the ballot-box as it was to vanquish rebels on the battle field.—Had the rebels succeeded the national debt would have been repudiated. Let the Copperheads be victorious at the polls and they will do what the rebels failed to accomplish —THEY WILL REPUDIATE THE PUBLIC DEBT! Every purpose at which the rebels failed of success the Copperheads are striving to accomplish. This gives all our elections a national character and renders the services of the Union Voters as important as those of the Union soldier.—*Har. Tel.*

**Death of Governor Helm, of Kentucky.**

John M. Helm, just inaugurated Governor of Kentucky, died almost as soon as the inaugural ceremonies were completed, at his residence in Elizabethtown. He ran against S. M. Barnes, Republican, and W. B. Kinkhead, Conservative. Helm received 86,030 votes; Barnes 33,989, and Kinkhead 19,167½ giving Helm 48,894 majority over both competitors. He was a clear and pronounced rebel in all of his sympathies and affiliation during the war. The Democratic Convention, controlled by rebel influences, nominated him as a man sure of giving his aid and support to the south, and who had never done anything for which the laws of the country could call him to account. He said that his political career would end with his term as Governor. It has ended more suddenly and perhaps for the good of the State. Mr. Stevens, the Lieutenant Governor, will fill his place until the first Monday of next August when a new election will be held for the unexpired portion of his term.

**Pointed And True.**

It pays one who takes any interest in politics to read the Ohio papers just now. The campaign is being waged fiercely, and both sides occasionally get off strong hits. One of the last is as follows. The Cincinnati *Advertiser*, in a stirring article, smelling very strongly of copper, said: "Every prediction made by our party about the war has been verified." To which the Scioto *Gazette* responds as follows:

"You predicted that the South could secede without a war—but it couldn't.

You said one Southernor could whip five Yankees—but he couldn't.

You asserted that we had no power to coerce them—but we had.

You said we never could conquer them—but we did.

You predicted that a bushel of our greenbacks would not buy a dinner—but it will.

You resolved that the war was a failure—but it was a success.

You asserted that the people of Ohio were opposed to the war, and that they would elect the peacable Vallandigham—but they didn't.

You are now predicting that you will carry this State—but you won't."

**The Result of Andy. Johnson's Stubbornness.**

GOLD GOING UP.—The price of gold is steadily advancing, and reached 146 last week. This is attributable solely to one cause, and that is universal distrust of the future, occasioned by the recent course of Andrew Johnson. Nobody knows what to expect. He is a violent, headstrong man, and is surrounded with a set of reckless Copperhead advisers, who are urging him on to revolution. And so the vast interests of thirty millions of people are daily jeopardized by the weakness and wickedness of one man.—If Andrew Johnson keeps on his present course, we may expect to see gold mounting still higher, and, at the same time, an increase in the cost of all the necessaries of life. Truly, we are paying dearly for the legacy that Booth's pistol left us!—*Har. Tel.*

**ANTIETAM.**

It is a matter of regret that the ceremonies incident to the dedication of Antietam Cemetery were neither as impressive nor fraught with as much consolation to the patriotic heart as they should have been. This, however, was to have been expected from the managment, which, because of locality, fell into the hands of traitors and recusants. The President's ring took possession of the inducement, and the arrangements were made by an officer of the army in Washington, under White House influences. A Johnsonian postmaster in Baltimore, and the Governor of Maryland. It was intended from the beginning to be a display of Johnsonian loyalty, and in arranging the programme especial care was taken to exclude from all participation in the ceremonies any man who might truly represent the grand army of the Republic or the cause for which that army fought.

Governor Swann's opening address admitted that "the most liberal contributions have been made in nearly all the States in the removal of their dead, the erection of monuments, and in adding to the attractions of this beautiful spot." It is therefore a spot in which other States than Maryland have as deep an interest, for which they have paid their money, and in which their soldiers repose. Under such circumstances, we would like to know why a gag should have been placed upon the lips of the Governors of those States, why noble veterans of the army, battle-scarred heroes, and loyal Governors should have been invited from the remotest parts of the Union only to listen to two traitors and one toady? What show of reason was there or what propriety, or what entertainment in putting up Mr. Johnson's surveyor of the port of Baltimore to recite a long and tedious history of the battle of Antietam, already better told by Lossing, Greeley, Swinton and others? There were present the Governors of many States whose brave sons had fallen victims to rebel hate. They represented their people at the graves of their people's dead. Pennsylvania mothers, with yearning hearts, were there in spirit, although their tears were shed by their own hearthstones, as the anniversary day brought back the sad remembrance of their loss. Fathers grieving for their boys, and widows for their lost husbands, and orphans for their protectors, were there. They found no utterance from the lips of Bradford, or Swann or Johnson, but wished to have a word spoken by one who fought with the army and felt with it. The gallant and ever victorious General Geary, of Pennsylvania, her present Governor, was present, and the people called for him. Immediately after the singing of the second hymn which followed Bradford's interminable history, there were loud calls for "Geary." "Geary." Governor Swann arose and announced that it was not in the programme for Governor Geary to speak. The people, whose hearts were alive to the outrage of palming off Copperhead-Johnsonism upon the country in the guise of funeral addresses, still called for "Geary," and at last Governor Geary had to come forward and beg them to be quiet that the programme should not be interfered with. More poetry, and then renewed calls for "Geary." Still the unfilled programme intervened, the President was to speak. He recited the trite and well known introduction with which our readers became familiar on his Swing around the Circle last year. There is a fearful want of invention in his Accidency. He always bungles through the same declaration that he does not rise for the purpose of making any lengthy remarks. He asked a gentleman sitting by him, "If there were any rebels buried in the cemetery?" To which the gentleman responded in the negative. Nevertheless, as he had gone there to infuse a moral, he could not let the occasion pass, even though there should be inaccuracy in his statement. He wished to reduce the Union cause to the common level of the rebellion, by illustrations from the tomb and to insult the soldiers of the Union by linking them in a common bond with traitors. Hence we find this clause in his speech, the only thing he went to Antietam to say:

When we look on you battle-field and think of the brave men on both sides who fell in the fierce struggle of battle, and who sleep silent in their graves—yes, who sleep in silence and peace after the earnest conflict has ceased, would to God we of the living could imitate their example as they lay sleeping in peace in their tombs and live together in friendship and in peace.

In the face of his persistent efforts to destroy the harmony of the country and bring on another bloody war, the above is a piece of unexampled demagogueism.

Still the people would not be satisfied, although the benediction was pronounced and the programme concluded. They called again for "Geary" in such tones as made it necessary for that gentleman to come forward and address them. The President, Governor Swann, and their Copperhead and traitor followers left the stand and the soldiers were ordered to march away; but the absence of the Presidential party, which was intended to insult the loyal people and their chosen champion, was only felt as a relief, and the soldiery did not go. They remained to hear Governor Geary, who administered the following well-deserved rebuke to the managment of the celebration:

FELLOW-CITIZENS: After all you have heard to-day I had supposed you would want nothing more. The programme opened and concluded with prayer. Those who have waited must come in at the close; but my friends, we still have a place in the hearts of the people. [Applause.] When you come to Pennsylvania we will let everybody speak we want to hear. Thanks to Almighty God for his preservation and care of the country. We have no gag. [Applause.] We have no programme for this purpose. [Renewed applause.] We have no gag on our programmes.

The gallant Governor then recited the noble part taken by Pennsylvania in the great struggle, and was followed by Governor Fenton, of New York, who paid a grateful tribute to the "eight hundred sons" of this State who sleep at Antietam.—*Washington Chronicle.*

**A Day To Be Remembered.**

This day is the anniversary of one of the bloodiest, and, in view of its results, one of the most decisive battles of the war of the rebellion. It was on this day three years ago (September 19, 1864,) that was inaugurated in this region of our widely extended theatre of operations that system of warfare which was pursued with unremitting energy until the enemy was driven to surrender unconditionally at Appomattox Court-House.

On the night of the 18th General Early, with his rebel forces, occupied the strong position stretching from Winchester to Bunker's Hill, seperated from General Sheridan's army by the Opequan, a swift and, in places, a treacherous stream, encased in steep and well-wooded hills. The crossings of the stream were few and well guarded by the rebels; and so secure did General Early feel himself that he detached one division (Breckinridge's) toward Martinsburg, probably to forage, or perhaps to create a diversion to draw part of Sheridan's command in that direction, and then attack him, for the armies were believed to be nearly equal in numbers.

The ever-vigilant and suggestive Sheridan did not let the opportunity pass. At two in the morning of the 19th, he moved his columns to the crossing of the Opequan, which was forced in gallant style by the cavalry, and at 12 o'clock in the day the two armies were face to face in line of battle, and then commenced a fight unexampled for its spirit and hotness. The difficulties at the crossing gave Early time to draw in Breckinridge's division. We all know the result. Early was sent "whirling up the valley," and entrenched himself behind the strong position of Fisher's Hill.

But Sheridan was close at his heels, and on the 22d of September attacked, and carried the place by assault. This battle of the 19th is now called the Battle of Winchester, but was called at the time the Battle of the Opequan, and will always attract the attentive reader of military history as the beginning of a new and favorable turn in our affairs.—Thenceforth, not only was victory demanded of our subordinate generals by our great leader, General Grant, but he required that the fruits of the victory should be secured.—Sheridan demonstrated on that eventful day that his views and his plans were reasonable and practicable.—*Washington Chronicle, Sept. 19th.*

**Gen. Fitz John Porter.**

Fitz John Porter appeals to President Johnson for a reconsideration of the proceedings of the court-martial which sentenced him to be "cashiered and forever rendered incapable of holding office under the Government of the United States." This sentence was passed in January, 1863, and was approved by President Lincoln. Mr. Porter claims that the trial took place in a time of unusual excitement; that evidence then inaccessible can now be produced; and that he considers it his duty to appeal for a revision of his case, and therefore requests the appointment of a new court-martial. This appeal is backed by Senators Wilson, Sherman, Harris, and Foster, General Banks, ex-Governor Curtin, and Horace Greeley. Four years and a half having elapsed since the dismissal of Porter from the army, the charges and Specifications upon which he was cashiered may have been forgotten by many persons. We therefore append a summary of the proceedings:

"The court-martial for the trial of General Fitz John Porter met in Washington, November 1, 1862. It consisted of Generals Hunter, Hitchcock, Rufus King, Prentiss, Ricketts, Casey, Garfield, Buford and Morris, with Joseph Holt as Judge Advocate General. The charges were made by Brigadier General R. L. Roberts; formerly Inspector General of Pope's army in Virginia. The specifications were to the effect that on the 28th of August, 1862, Porter disobeyed a positive and urgent order of General Pope to bring his corps up to the help of Hooker and McDowell at the second battle of Bull Run; that on the 29th of August he again disobeyed the order of General Pope; that on the evening of August 29th he again disobeyed an order to march his command to the field of battle and report in person to General Pope for orders, but permitted one of his brigades to march to Centreville and remain there during the severe battle of August 30; that he retreated from the enemy without any attempt to engage them or to aid our troops who were relying upon the flank attack he was ordered to make."

Porter was convicted on the evidence of Generals Pope, McDowell and Roberts, Lieutenant Colonel Thomas Smith, Capt. Drake De Kay, and others. The unanimous testimony of these officers was to the effect that Porter could have brought his troops into action, but did not; and that if he had done his duty the Rebel army must have been beaten, and a part of it destroyed. The finding of the court was, that Porter was "guilty on every one of the charges preferred," and the sentence which was approved by President Lincoln on the 21st of January, 1863, cashiered him from the service.

ALL voters should bear in mind that during the last year, the first of Gov. Geary's term, the State debt has been reduced *one million seven hundred and ninety-four thousand six hundred and forty-four dollars and fifty cents* ($1,794,644.50). Further remember, that since the State has been under Republican rule, embracing the period and great cost of the war, the State debt has been reduced nearly or quite ten millions of dollars.

Also remember, that while the State was in the hands of the Copperheads, the State debt was each year steadily increased, until it run up to over forty millions of dollars. These are facts which cannot be controverted.—*Pitts. Gazette.*

**ADVERTISEMENTS.**

Advertisements are inserted at the rate of $1.00 per square for first insertion, and for each subsequent insertion 50 cents. A liberal discount made on yearly advertisements.

A space equal to two lines of this type measured as a square.

Business Notices set under a head by themselves immediately after the local news, will be charged twenty-five cents a line for each insertion.

Marriages and deaths announced free of charge.

The publisher reserves the right to change advertisements from one place in the paper to another whenever it is desirable to do so.

Advertisements should be handed in before Monday noon to insure insertion in that week's paper.

# The Beaver Argus.

J. WEYAND, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Beaver, Pa., October 2, 1867.


## Union State Nomination.

FOR SUPREME JUDGE,

HON. HENRY W. WILLIAMS,

OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

## Union County Nominations.

**Assembly.**

THOMAS NICHOLSON, Beaver Co.;
JONATHAN R. DAY, Washington Co.;
JOHN EWING, " "

**Associate Judge.**

MILTON LAWRENCE, Greene tp.;

**Prothonotary**

JOHN CAUGHEY, Beaver boro.;

**Treasurer.**

ELIJAH BARNES, Borough tp.;

**Commissioner.**

WM. EWING, Racoon tp.

**Jury Commissoner.**

JOSEPH C. WILSON, Beaver boro.

**Auditor.**

G. K. SHANNON, Hopewell tp.;

**Poor House Director.**

SAMUEL McMANAMY, Economy tp.;

**Trustees of Academy.**

S. J. CROSS, Rochester boro.,
JOHN BARCLAY, Beaver boro.

## JUDGE SHARSWOOD ON LEGAL TENDERS.

### Extracts from His Opinion in the Case of Borie vs. Trott.

"On the whole, then, I am of opinion that the provision of the act of Congress of February 25th, 1862, declaring the notes issued in pursuance of that act to be lawful money, *and a legal tender*, is UNCONSTITUTIONAL.

"This renders it unnecessary that I should consider the other question which has been made, as to the effect of the special agreement to pay in lawful silver money of the United States. I am in favor of entering judgment for the plaintiff, but as a majority of the court are of a different opinion, judgment for the defendant."—*Copied from the Philadelphia Age of 23d of February*, 1864, where the opinion is published in full.

It may also be found in the *Legal Intelligencer* of March 18, 1864, page 92.

In the same copy of the *Age* is a carefully prepared eulogy of the judge and this opinion, in which is the following:

"Judge SHARSWOOD reasons upon and decides the case as if he were some lofty spirit sitting far above and out of the contentions and strifes of the world."

Will not the holders of greenbacks and Government bonds consider the judge as quite too elevated and etherial for such earthly honors as a seat on the Supreme Bench?

## Flag for the Banner County!

UNION REPUBLICAN STATE COMMITTEE ROOMS, 1105 Chestnut street, *Philadelphia, Pa., September* 11, 1867.—This Committee will present their new and elegant Campaign Flag, 30 by 20 feet in size, to the county which, at the ensuing election, shall show the best return for Hon. HENRY W. WILLIAMS compared with the vote of last year for Gen. GEARY.

By order of the committee.

F. JORDAN, Chairman.

GEO. W. HAMERSLY, } Secretaries.
J. ROBLEY DUNGLISON, }

UNION MEN! be at the head of the column early on Tuesday morning! Get to the polls at once. Vote as early as possible. See that our tickets are at convenient points, and guard against the fraudulent ballots distributed by Anderson, Odell & Co.

THE Election Tickets are printed in one slip—but in two sections—the first headed "Judiciary Ticket" with the name of the candidate for Judge of the Supreme Court, only. The lower section is headed "County Ticket," with the names of the candidates for State, Assembly and County Officers to be voted for. The Ticket is cut apart before voting, and deposited in boxes labelled "Judiciary" and "County" Ticket, respectively.

LOST CAUSE arguments are thunderous things! As an evidence of this see last week's *Local*. It is filled with startling headlines such as "White Men," "The Democracy" "Taxpayers," "Head the Monopoly," "Impudence" &c., &c. If arguments like these carry any convincing power with them, we can only pity the people influenced. They are entitled to the compassseration of the public generally.

STILL another batch of bogus tickets have been forwarded to us through the Post-office. The new lot have the name of "A. J. Jolly" for County Commissioner upon them. Look out for these, as well as for those already exposed in the *Argus*. Party managers that thus undertake to swindle honest men out of their votes, deserve the execrations of all honest people. The way to rebuke them, is to vote squarely against their whole ticket. Voters see that this rebuke is properly administered.

IT is now rendered almost certain that Andrew Johnson meditates resistance to Congress and its acts in case the approaching elections seem to endorse his policy. Whether that resistance will develope itself in an attempt to prevent Congress from assembling, or when the House of Representatives passes articles of impeachment, (if it ever does so) or if it be in the shape of forcing the Southern Senators and Representatives to seats in Congress, is at present known only to the desperate political adventurers who surround him and force their baneful counsels into his ears. But resistance from him will come, if encouraged by the votes of the people on the 8th inst. The gathering of the rebels in Maryland, in the form of militia organizations, under the supervision of Governor Swann, indicates this beyond the possibility of a doubt. Union men! If you are then in favor of continued peace, quiet and a just reconstruction of the Government by Congress vote the whole Union ticket: if on the contrary, you desire another war with a vast expenditure of blood and treasure, if it is your will that the President, and not the Congress of your own choosing shall make your laws and prescribe the manner of carrying them out; if it is your desire that the men who waged a cruel and relentless war against the Government shall now find seats in its highest places, then vote the Lost Cause ticket, for its success will bring these calamities as sure as one day succeeds another.

J. H. O. has paid less taxes, and done more groaning about heavy taxation than almost any other man in the county. His sympathy for the taxpayers is readily seen in the following statement. Last year the county commissioners ordered the receipts and expenditures to be published in the *Argus* and in the *Local*. The two papers charged the county as follows:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| LOCAL for Receipts & Expenditures.... | $150 00 | |
| ARGUS " " " " ..... | 125 00 | |
| LOCAL more than ARGUS..... | | —$25 00 |
| LOCAL for Collateral Inheritance tax.... | 27 00 | |
| ARGUS " " " " ..... | 20 50 | |
| LOCAL more than ARGUS..... | | —$6 50 |
| LOCAL for Exhibit of Academy fund.... | 30 00 | |
| ARGUS " " " " ..... | 22 50 | |
| LOCAL more than ARGUS..... | | —$7 50 |
| LOCAL for Poor Directors report..... | 45 00 | |
| ARGUS " " " " ..... | 37 50 | |
| LOCAL more than ARGUS..... | | —$7 50 |
| Making a total of..... | | —$45 50 |

which the *Local* charged more than the *Argus* or the same amount of work performed at the same time.

Taxpayers! can you have any confidence in a man whose *actions* thus belie his *professions*.

THE county Union Convention which met at the Court house in this place on the 3d of June nominated Capt. Elijah Barnes for Treasurer, and Wm. Ewing Esq., for county Commissioner. Both of these gentleman had served long and faithfully in the army and both returned to their homes bearing the scars of battle upon their persons. The Republicans of the county appreciated their patriotism and acknowledged their services by giving them the positions on the ticket they asked for, and will undoubtedly see that they are duly elected.

The Lost Cause county convention which met at the Court house in this place on the 1st of July had the names of two soldiers before it for places on the ticket. One of these, Mr. Shannon received 8 votes for county treasurer, while his opponent, H. B. Anderson, who had done no "soldiering," received 89 votes. The other one, Mr. Hall, was deliberately swindled out of the nomination for Prothonotary, by Odell & Co., and the position given to R. D. Cooper, a gentleman who did not desire to be a candidate.

Soldiers! which of the two parties in this county has shown by its acts, an appreciation of your services and a disposition to reward you for the sacrifices you made. Let your answer be given on Tuesday next at the polls.

BUT a few days now remain until the election is held. We entreat our friends to be active and diligent. Our opponents are busy, unscrupulous and determined. Their hope of success lies in our apparent apathy, and the means they have resorted to to cheat our people. In this county, we should this year have a clear majority of nine hundred, and nothing but a criminal indifference on the part of ourselves can reduce it below that figure. There is everything to encourage us and make us zealous in the good work. A defeat in the State now would embolden our adversaries and give them new life. Let us postpone their resurrection indefinitely. Let us each give the remaining few days to our country, by making every effort in our power to get its friends to the polls on Tuesday next. The hour for argument has passed, and the moment for faithful, active and untiring work has come.

LOOK out for vile and groundless charges against our candidates on the eve of the election. Our opponents in this county feel that the tide is against them. This has made them desperate, and they are just now in a fit mood to tell any lie, or make any charge that they think would benefit their lost cause. Let no Republican, therefore, be disconcerted or swerved from the plain path of duty, by any story put in circulation by "the enemy" just before voting time. That is an old "dodge," and the tricks of J. H. O. & Co., of the past few weeks lead us to believe that lies innumerable will be told in the next *Local*, against Caughey and Barnes in particular, knowing that the *Argus* will not be out in time to contradict them. Be on the lookout then, and nail them to the counter as false and malicious as soon as seen or heard.

IF there is a Republican who ever dreamed of voting for Judge Sharswood, and against our pure and upright candidate for Supreme Judge, Henry W. Williams, let him read the Copperhead papers, offensive with abuse, not only of Judge Williams, but of every statesman that assisted the country in its hours of trial, and remember that Sharswood's election is the triumph of Andrew Johnson, Jeremiah S. Black and James Buchanan: Williams is as sound a lawyer as Sharswood, and at least as good a citizen; but unlike Sharswood, he never sympathized with the avowed enemies of the Republic.

REPUBLICANS! WORK! Don't be intimidated by the bragging boasts of your opponents. Remember all the Copperheads can do is to boast of their strength and prove their power by abusing the nigger. We are contending for principle. Every vote we cast is a force for good added to the life and usefulness of the Republic. There is no reason why we should not poll a full Republican vote. In 1865 we carried the State by a splendid Republican majority. The result was to infuse additional strength to the loyal sentiment of the country. A full Republican vote in October will frustrate all the evil plans of Andrew Johnson. The tenor of advices from all parts of the State leads us to anticipate the election of Mr. Williams by a handsome majority. The larger that majority shall be, the more beneficent will the award of the ballot-box prove.

### Voters Remember!

That during the last year the first of Gov. Geary's term, the State debt has been reduced ONE MILLION SEVEN HUNDRED AND NINETY-FOUR THOUSAND SIX HUNDRED AND FORTY-FOUR DOLLARS AND FIFTY CENTS! ($1,794,644,50!) Further remember, that since the State has been under Republican rule, embracing the period and great cost of the war, the State Debt has been reduced nearly or quite ten millions of dollars.

Also remember, that while the State was in the hands of the Copperheads, the State Debt was each year steadily increased, until it run up to over forty millions of dollars.—These are facts which cannot be controverted.

IF you desire to make treason odious, *reward* those who risked life and limb to keep it from destroying the country. Capt. Barnes was one of the men who did this.

If your sympathies are with those who lost limbs in defence of the Government, evince that sympathy by giving Elijah Barnes, a one-armed soldier, your ballot.

THE Democracy are opposed to the doctrines of the Republican party viz: Gold for the bondholder, and rags for the people.—*Local.*

Let us explain this bit of unmitigated rascality and demagogism. A few years ago the country was tottering, and its fall seemed almost inevitable. Its guardians believed it could be saved through the patriotism and courage of the people and the use of their money. They, therefore, made an appeal to strong-armed men for their services in the field, and obtained them. They next asked those who had funds to spare to furnish them with money to put down the rebellion which already existed. The times were critical.—Nearly one half of the whole people believed that the rebellion would succeed and the Government go down. Under these circumstances the risk of loaning money to it was very great. The people's Representatives knew this and saw that the holders of money were fearful. But *money they must have*, and it only remained for them to offer such inducements for its use as would be commensurate with the risks run by those who would lend. These inducements were that a Government bond bearing a fair rate of interest and exempt from tax, should be given the lender. It was further proposed because it was then known that the vicissitudes of the war would depreciate our currency, that these bonds should be sold publicly, the interest on them met in gold, and the bonds themselves cancelled in like money when they came to maturity. *All* knew if the rebellion succeeded these bonds would be worth no more than the paper on which they were printed, and hence a favorable offer like this became absolutely necessary to induce persons to take the risks. After it was made and realizing the critical condition of the country, the banker, the merchant, the farmer, the mechanic, the professional man, the widow and the orphan, all inspired with the loftiest patriotism, came forward with their means, whether in large or small amounts, and loaned them to the Government that its life might be saved. The result is known.—And now after these risks were run, and the country carried safely through the storm of war, such men as Anderson and Odell, embittered, we suppose, because the rebels did not succeed, favor repudiation, and boldly declare that they are opposed to "Gold for the bondholder and rags for the people." Their platform then means that the contract made by the Government with the people during the war shall now be dishonored, and the latter swindled out of a portion of the money promised them. A highly honorable transaction this would be indeed! But we do not wonder much that it is proposed: Men who did all they could covertly to thwart a vigorous prosecution of the war, and finally became bold enough to publicly declare it to be a failure on the part of the Government, would very likely after it proved a success in spite of them, seek to make the contracts odious which enabled the Government to carry it on. Shame on the men who make so dishonorable a proposition! Beaver county has a great many Union men who are not bondholders, but none of these, we take it, are opposed to carrying out bargains honestly made; and this one between the Government and its creditors is unquestionably one of that character.

THE campaign in this State will soon close. In this county it has been conducted by our opponents solely upon personal grounds, and with a recklessness of conduct and speech, rarely, if ever witnessed. The Unionists sought to discuss public measures with them, such for instance as the free railroad questions, but all to no purpose. *Personalities* was their stock in trade, and from personal attacks their organ, the *Local*, would not be diverted. It cared nothing about political issues, nor did it take any pains to conceal the fact that the election of H. B. Anderson, its editor's father-in-law, was the beginning and the end of its desires. To bring this result about, it charged his opponent with drunkenness, debauchery, lewdness, theft, and in fact almost all the crimes known among men. Its editor knew that these charges were false, in general, and in detail, when he made them, but he believed they would serve his purposes. It now remains for the people to teach him a salutary lesson on Tuesday next, by *voting for the object of his vile attacks*, and electing him by a handsome majority to the office for which he is a candidate.

J. H. O. & Co., are busily engaged just now in trying to make the "goslings" of their party believe that by "hard work" &c., they will be able to elect H. B. A., treasurer, and R. D. Cooper, Prothonotary. If the aforesaid "goslings" will turn to the files of the *Local* of one year ago, they will see that J. H. O. then declared in the most positive manner that Clymer, Montgomery, Ruth, and the whole Lost Cause county ticket would surely be elected. They were all defeated by an average majority of 850 votes. As the election resulted *then*, so will it result on next Tuesday. J. H. O., was the poorest kind of authority at that time; he has grown no more reliable since.

WAS the war right? This is the whole issue of the campaign we are fighting, and it cannot be evaded. A vote for Sharswood is a vote against the policy and conduct of the war. A vote for Williams is a vote for it. If Sharswood, in his Calhoun ideas, is right, the war was unconstitutional. If Williams is right the war was constitutional, and our soldiers have not died in vain. This one great fact—this one great issue—cannot be kept too constantly in view. It will dissolve all the sophistries of the disunion politicians.

COMPARE the ticket you vote next Tuesday with the one found at the head of our editorial columns. Do this to avoid being imposed upon by the spurious tickets sown broadcast over the county by H. B. A., & Co. They supposed they were doing a "big thing" when they printed and distributed these bogus tickets; show them by your votes on the 8th inst., that you look upon it as the *smallest* kind of a project, and one which is only engaged in by desperate political adventurers.

WE have learned incidentally that the bogus ticket swindlers of this county have measurably come to grief. The more honest and conscientious leaders of the party, as well as one or two persons who are on the Lost Cause ticket disavow all connection with the spurious ticket swindle, and express hearty contempt for its projectors. "Hit them again," say we, and show them in every way possible that they have but few friends among honest people.

HUGH B. ANDERSON of Beaver is a candidate for county treasurer. He is just now "badgering" a few Republicans of this place to support him. If any of these have even a remote idea of doing so, it would be well for them to reflect *now* that if Jeff Davis is nominated next year for the Presidency, Mr. Anderson will in all probability, be his most active supporter in this county. His past political conduct indicates this very clearly.

## PROHIBITION.

As the people of this county are called upon to vote on the question of prohibition on Tuesday next, we herewith append all the laws touching upon the subject. The Potter county act, it will be seen is extended to this county, and goes into effect on the 20th day of February 1868. To ascertain the sentiment of the people on the question of extending the aforesaid act, is the purpose of the vote on next Tuesday.

An Act to prohibit the granting of license to sell intoxicating liquors within the county of Potter,

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That from and after the passage of this act, no license shall be granted to any person to sell vinous, spirituous, malt or brewed liquors within the limits of the county of Potter.

SECTION 2. That if any person or persons, within the said limits, shall sell, trade or barter away any vinous, spirituous or any kind of intoxicating liquors, or intoxicating tonic or other bitters, to be used as a beverage, he or she, upon conviction thereof, in the court of quarter sessions of said county, shall be fined in a sum of not less than fifty dollars nor more than two hundred, for the first offence, and, upon a second conviction, the fine shall not be less than one hundred nor more than three hundred; and, in addition to the fine, the person so convicted a second time, shall undergo imprisonment in the county jail for a period not less than thirty days nor more than six months: Provided however, That manufacturers of domestic wines and of malt and brewed liquors shall not be prohibited from selling their own products, in quantities of not less than one gallon: And provided further, That this act shall not apply to druggists who sell unmixed alcohol, or wine, or brandy, on the written prescription of a regular practicing physician.

JAMES R. KELLEY,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
DAVID FLEMING,
Speaker of the Senate.

Approved the eleventh day of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six. A. G. CURTIN.

An Act to extend the provisions of the act to prohibit the granting of license to sell intoxicating drinks within the county of Potter, approved April eleventh, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, to the county of Beaver.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That the provisions of an act, entitled "An Act to prohibit the granting of license to sell intoxicating drinks within the county of Potter," approved April eleventh, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, shall be and the same is hereby extended to the county of Beaver: Provided, That this act shall not take effect until one year after the date of its passage.

JOHN P. GLASS,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
LOUIS W. HALL,
Speaker of the Senate.

Approved the twentieth day of February, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven. JNO. W. GEARY.

An Act to take the sense of the people of Beaver county, upon the question of a prohibitory liquor law.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That for the purpose of ascertaining the sentiment of the people of Beaver county, upon the question of a prohibitory liquor law, it shall be lawful for the qualified voters of said county, at the next general election hereafter, to express their preference by ballot; the ballots shall be labelled, upon the outside, "Prohibitory law," and on the inside shall contain the words, "For a prohibitory law," or "Against a prohibitory law," and said ballots shall be received and counted and entered upon the returns of election, as provided for by law in the case of election of county officers; and a certificate of the result of said election shall be filed by the board of return judges in the office of the prothonotary of the court of common pleas of Beaver county; and the election officers shall be subject to the same penalties, as to the reception of illegal votes or other misbehavior in office, in relation to the voting hereby provided for, as are provided for by the general election laws of the Commonwealth in case of similar offences at general elections. JOHN P. GLASS,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
LOUIS W. HALL,
Speaker of the Senate.

Approved the eighth day of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven. JNO. W. GEARY.

THE Democracy have been boasting hugely over a success in Montana, and some enthusiastic writers count this newest of territories as another *State* gone for the wrong side.—Everybody who cares to remember knows that Montana elected a red-hot Democratic delegate two years ago, but that she should have held her hold upon the Copperheads so long remains to be accounted for. This is at last done by some explorers at the headwaters of the Yellow Stone, who say:

For eight days they traveled through a volcanic country, emitting a blue flame and living streams of molton brimstone. The country was smooth and rolling, with long level plains intervening. On the summits of these rolling mounds were craters from four to eight feet in diameter, and everywhere on the level plains were smaller craters from four to six inches, from which streamed a blaze and constant whistling sound. The hollow ground resounded beneath their feet as they traveled, and every moment seemed about to break through. Not a living thing was seen in that vicinity. The explorers gave it the significent appellation of "Hell."

The "curse of neighborhood" was never more strikingly illustrated, and we are free to confess that the Democracy will always carry Montana while it remains in such suspicious promixity to the infernal regions.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

AT this time last year the democrats were full in the faith that they would defeat Gen. Geary and elect Mr. Clymer. This expectation was based on the calculations of Mr. Wallace, Chairman of their State Committee, who stated he had caused every ward, borough and township to be closely canvassed and could not be mistaken. The result proved how little his engineering was worth.

This year the Democrats profess the same confidence, predicted on assurances from the same source. The prophet in whom they trust is a false one.

It seems probable that the aggregate vote will be lighter than it was last year. Neither party will bring out all its members. The falling off will divide about equally betwen them.—*Pitts. Gazette.*

THE latest sensation, truly speaking, is the production of a letter from Gov. Orr wholly and heartily indorsing Gen. Sickles. He declares that General Order No. 10 was, so far as South Carolina is concerned, an absolute necessity, and that he deeply regrets the course taken by the President and his advisers. He believes that had not Gen. Sickles issued this order more troops would have been called for to preserve the public records and protect sheriffs in executing civil processes the order of "thoughtless or heartless creditors." It appears that this so-called tyrannical order was, according to the Governor's own showing, an act of condign charity, which Mr. Johnson has uselessly overborne and undone. What has the President to say?—*N. Y. Tribune.*

## To The Soldiers.

We have already sufficiently shown that the Democratic is an anti-soldier party. It is now attempting, through the courts, to construe away the war, and to stop that, we want able and loyal judges. Such a judge we have in Hon. H. W. Williams, and he deserves the vote of every soldier. He never decided the draft to be unconstitutional. He never will. He never decided the national currency to be unconstitutional. He never will.

But beyond the personal question of a candidate, we wish to give in as few words as possible some simple reasons why no true soldier should ever under any circumstances vote a Democratic ticket. Firstly, and most righteously, because the Democracy were opposed to your voting any ticket at all. The record of every election on the soldier suffrage question shows that in black and white. Had they had their way, you, when in front of them on the field, would have been eligible for taxation but not for voting. In other words, your political condition would have been exactly that of negroes.

Every soldier has had his own life repeatedly exposed by the direct action of the Democratic party. Everybody knows that the running of McClellan, on a surrender platform prolonged the war just one year. Every soldier who has heard cheers for "McClellan and Pendleton" ring out from rebel trenches or who has taken or guarded rebel prisoners, knows this, and cannot be talked out of it now. And this is only one instance of Democratic aid and comfort to the enemy. Rebel arms were strengthened: rebel hearts were made brave; rebel courage was supported during all the war, by Democratic speeches, Democratic newspapers, Democratic conventions. It is not imagination to say that Democratic money pointed rebel bayonets at your breasts and sped rebel bullets to your hearts. This is a consideration for the voting fathers and brothers of the dead boys in blue.

The Democracy has formally repudiated you. In solemn convention assembled, they have declared the war to be a failure—all your time, suffering and wounds to be worthless. After its happy and auspicious termination they have declared its result to be "*debt, slaughter, and disgrace.*" Your commander-in-chief they stigmatized as an ape and buffoon; your generals as butchers, beasts and brutes; yourselves as "hirelings," "tools," "slaves." No abuse has been too low, no language too insulting, for the private soldiers of the army of the Union. Repudiate them.

The Democracy has deserted you in every hour of trial and danger. They have opposed every draft, and thus impeded and delayed your reinforcements in the face of death. They have systematically labored to depreciate the national currency and the public credit, thus lowering your wages and raising the prices at home on your wives and children.—They have magnified rebel victories, and depreciated your exploits. You cannot consistently with your past record, if it is a clear one, vote for them or with them now.

Trust to no professions of friendship now. They had none for you when you were falling before rebel steel. They want you now—need you—but do not love you any more today than when in the heat of the conflict they denounced the draft and left you unsupported in the trenches. They, yes even they, will despise you for being deceived at this hour, and will respect your comrades who stand by the flag now as in 1861—whom neither fear nor flattery, nor cajoling can mislead.

The struggle now is the same as that which won its weary length from Sumpter to the Appomattox. The issues of this fall's campaign are inseperable from those for which you fought so long and well. You cannot disjoin them. You cannot act now as you would not have acted then. You cannot shoot one way and vote another.—*Philadelphia Press.*

## Judge Sharswood in Sympathy With the Rebel Congress.

The Harrisburg *Telegraph* unearths the following. It is a new campaign document for the Democrats. Will the *Age* print it?

(From the Richmond Examiner, Jan. 25, 1864.)

The following bill, to be entitled "An act to prohibit dealing in the paper currency of the enemy," has passed both houses of Congress. It originated in the House of Representatives, and was amended in the Senate, by the insertion of the words *italicised* in the first section. The amendment will, of course, be concurred in by the House. The act will, doubtless, receive the approval of the President, and the country will then be relieved of the pernicious effects of a traffic which it is surprising any person professing to be indentified with the South should ever have engaged in:

1. *The Congress of the Confederate States of America do enact*, That no broker, banker, or dealer in exchange, or person concernd in trade as a merchant, or vender of merchandise of any description, or any other person, *except within the lines of the enemy*, shall buy, sell, take, circulate, or in any manner trade in any paper currency of the United States; provided, that the purchase of postage stamps shall not be considered a violation of this act.

2. That any person violating the provisions of this act shall be subject to indictment and prosecution in the Confederate court holden for the district within which the offence was committed, and shall, upon conviction, forfeit the amount so bought, sold, circulated, or used, or a sum equal thereto; and shall be moreover subject to a fine of not more than twenty thousand dollars, nor less than five hundred, and be imprisoned not less than three months, nor more than three years, at the discretion of said court; and it shall be the duty of the judge of the several Confederate courts to give this act specially in charge to the grand jury.

3. That this act shall not be construed to apply to any person acting in behalf of the Government of the Confederate States, by special authority of the President, or any of the heads of departments.

Judge Sharswood decided the circulation of Government bonds and money unconstitutional. He therefore stands on the same platform with his Southern brethern. Voters, remember this.

## Spirit of the Opposition.

Governor Geary and his worthy lady, on the first Sabbath of the present month, formally connected themselves with the New School Presbyterian Church, and at the same time their four children were publicly baptized. All persons who have any regard for the Christian religion, or any true respect for the State, could not but be gratified that the Chief Executive of the Commonwealth should thus recognize and discharge his duty to the church and his Maker, as he had heretofore to his country and his fellow-men. The Governor had not been absent from home for a number of days; and yet the Harrisburgh *Patriot and Union*, in its partisan malignity and bliadness, on the following Wednesday, sees proper to notice the interesting occurrence as follows:

"We are informed that Governor Geary attended the colored camp meeting, near Middleton, on Sunday last, and, upon his return, joined the New School Presbyterian Church."

We cannot but believe this Democratic organ has greatly underrated the character of its readers, and outraged their sense of regard for the proprieties and decencies of life. *Harrisburg Telegraph.*

THE DEMOCRATS talk about a reaction in Pennsylvania to be disclosed at the October election. The matter will get no farther than *talk*. There has been no re-action.—There will be none. The people have not changed their judgments of public affairs.—There are at least two radicals now where there was only one last year; and not a Republican less. Whatever doubt there was a month ago about getting out all the votes, there is no longer any uncertainty. The Republican voters will be on hand, and renew their condemnation of the President and his Policy.—*Pitts. Gazette.*

A MAJORITY OF THE PEOPLE OF PENNSYLVANIA are loyal. Would it be right and proper that the majority should be represented on the Bench of the Supreme Court by a man who is disloyal? We charge, in answer to this question, that Sharswood is disloyal. Disloyalty does not only mean arming for the purpose of fighting the Government. Those who give aid and comfort to the enemies of the Government are equally disloyal with those who engage in armed fight against that Government. Lee and Davis engaged in armed fight to destroy the Government. Sharswood resorted to legal quibbles to give Lee and Davis aid and comfort. While Lee and Davis had the Government by the throat to choke it to death, Sharswood proclaimed from the bench that the efforts of the Government to tear Lee's fingers from its throat were unconstitutional and illegal—that the money issued by the Government to pay those who periled their lives in its defense, was worthless, and that those who received that money would be cheated. The record, personal and legal, of our candidate for the Supreme Bench—Hon. Henry W. Williams—will most favorably compare with that of his opponent—Judge Sharswood—and bearing in memory the "Dred Scott and Passmore Williamson" cases, and the repeated efforts, during the rebellion, of "Democratic" Judges on our Supreme Bench, by adverse rulings, to retard the prosecution of the war, we re-affirm the declaration of our State Convention, that "the Supreme Court of this State should be in harmony with the political opinions of a majority of the people," and hereby declare that no Judge should be elected thereto, whose decisions like those of Sharswood, are tainted with a doubtful loyalty.—*Har. Td.*

CALIFORNIA ELECTION.—The Democratic rooster got awake and crowed just after dark, mistaking a bonfire for day-light. The Republicans have two of a majority in the California Legislature, on joint ballot; and this secures a Republican United States Senator.

There were two Republican candidates for Governor, and the copperhead, Haight, is elected by 5,635 majority. The decrease in the total vote, since last election, is 14,058.—Then the Democracy polled 25,584. This year they polled but 24,622, a decrease of 962.—Last year the Republicans polled 34,063; this year 20,957. The Copperheads will hear from the stay-at-home Unionists at the next election.—*Pitts. Gazette.*

THE Democrats find it convenient to have short memories. Professing to be filled with alarm at the increase of taxation in this country, they altogether ignore the fact that their own conduct led to the war and all the burdens it imposes.

Every State that went into the Rebellion was a Democratic State. In so going they yielded to the natural tendency of the Democratic party.

All the men at the North who sustained or sympathized with the Rebellion were Democrats, inspired thereto by the doctrines of the party.

If there had been no Rebellion there would be no taxation. If there had been no taxation the Rebellion would not have been put down.

No wonder the Democrats are sensitive on the subject of taxation.—*Pitts. Gazette.*

## What Do the Democrats Mean?

They mean, when they can combine in their partisan, representatives, Legislative, Executive and Judicial power,

To repudiate the national debt;

To restore the institution of slavery;

To make good the compacts of traitors by compelling loyal men to pay the debts incurred in the effort to dissolve the Union;

To make pensioners of the wives and orphans of those who perished in rebellion;

To abolish the pensions of the wives and orphans of Union Soldiers;

To restore all rebels who retired from the U. S. army and navy to engage in war on the Government, to their original military and naval grades, or to such positions as they would have been entitled had they remained in the U. S. service up to this time.

These are the primary objects of the Copperhead party. They are consistent with the Copperhead position in politics, that the rebellion of the slaveholders was right, holy and ought to have succeeded in its objects.

Those who desire to see accomplished what we have herein enunciated, need only vote the Copperhead ticket. A Copperhead ballot will do the fallen cause of treason more good than a dozen traitor bullets.—*Har. Td.*


NEW ADVERTISEMENT

## $10 REWARD!

LOST, WHILE RIDING DOWN THE NARROWS, on Saturday, Sept. 7th, between Brighton and Fallston Bridge, a lady's gold hunting case watch, with gutta percha and gold chains attached—valued as a relic. The above reward will be paid by leaving it at J. Webster Wilson's, New Brighton.
oct3'67:1t.

GOOD NEWS FOR ALL THOSE WHO suffer from disease of Liver and Stomach, such as Biliousness, Sick Headache, Constipation, Waterbrash, Sour Stomach, Dyspepsia, &c.

DR. BOLLINGER'S HEADACHE AND ANTI-BILIOUS PILLS

Are the most perfect remedy, ever brought before the public, for all diseases of the Liver and Stomach.
They act as a CATHARTIC without weakening the Stomach or Bowels, but on the contrary give to tone those organs, driving away all Melancholy Feelings, infusing new Life and Vigor into the System.
For sale by all Druggists and Country Merchants, throughout the Country.
J. HENDERSON & BRO'S., 206 Liberty St., Pittsburgh, Pa., Wholesale Agents.
oct3'67:1y.

A. S. Harvey,

DEALER IN

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS,

AND

Hardware.

HAVING ON HAND A LARGE AND WELL selected Stock of

Teas, Rice,
Coffee, Cheese,
Sugar, Soaps,
Molasses, Bacon,
Syrups, Fish.

Hardware.

NAILS AND WINDOW GLASS.

STONEWARE.

Pine Churns, Peck Measures,
Oak Churns ½ Bush. Measures,
Willow Baskets, Split Baskets.

Pure Cider Vinegar.

ALSO

CHOICE FAMILY FLOUR

By the Barrel or in Sacks, constantly on hand.
☞ Prices very low, call and see.
A. S. HARVEY,
oct2'67:1y. Bridgewater, Pa.


## SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF A WRIT OF FIERI FACIAS, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of the county of Beaver, and to me directed, I will expose to public sale, at the Sheriff's Office, in the borough of Beaver, in the county aforesaid, on

*THURSDAY, October 17th, 1867,*

at 1 o'clock, p. m., the following property, to wit: All right, title, interest and claim of defendants in and to the following lot or piece of ground, situate in Ohio township, Beaver county, Pa., being lot No. 81 in plan of lots surveyed by A. Wyant, at the instance of Thomas Dawson, bounded as follows: Beginning at north-west corner at a stake on the line of lot No. 20 and corner of No. 21; thence north 3½ degrees east and on a line of lot No. 21, 15 4-10 perches to the corner of lots Nos. 21 and 85; thence south along the line of said lot No. 85, 17 perches, to a stake and lands of said Thomas Dawson; thence south 4 degrees west, 15 4-10 perches, by lands of said Dawson to post in line of lot No. 87; thence north along the line of lots Nos. 87 and 20, 17 perches, to the place of beginning, containing one and one-half acre, more or less, on which there is a steam engine, boiler, smokestack, derrick, shanty, boring tools, ropes, &c.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of the Sturgeon Oil Company, at the suit of the Howard Iron Works.

J. S. LITTELL, sheriff.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE,
Sept. 25, 1867. [oct2'67:3t.

**Executor's Notice.**—Letters testamentary on the estate of Capt. CHARLES STONE, late of Bridgewater borough, Beaver county, Pa., dec'd., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

D. H. STONE, Executor.
Beaver borough.
oct3'67:6t.

## Orphans' Court Sale.

BY VIRTUE OF AN ORDER OF THE ORPHANS' court of Beaver county, the undersigned will expose to sale by public vendue, on the premises, on

*TUESDAY, October 29th, 1867,*

at 2 o'clock, P. M., the following described real estate of Dr. Geo. W. Allison, dec'd, situated in Brighton township, in said county, viz: the undivided three-fifths of parts of out-lots 24, 25, 26, and 53, bounded as follows: Beginning on the Tuscarawas road, at Milo Somers, at the line between lots Nos. 24 and 25, W. 30 perches, thence N. 75¾ deg. W. 25.3 perches to alley, thence by said alley N. 16½ deg. E. 42 perches, thence 9.53¼ deg. E. 34 perches, thence S. 74¾ deg. E. 15.9, thence S. 16 deg. E. 26.7 perches thence S. 74¾ deg. W. 11.6 perches to the road aforesaid and thence by said Road, N. 70¼ deg. W. 10.3 perches to beginning, containing 11 acres and 140 perches.

Also the undivided three-fifths of Academy lot No. 13, in Borough tp., adjoining lands of Milo Somers, Joseph Anderson, Georgetown Lane, &c., containing 6 acres and 17 perches—both said lots enclosed and both well watered, within ¼ mile of the borough of Beaver.

TERMS—One-third of the purchase money to be paid on confirmation of sale by the Court, balance in two equal annual payments from that date, with interest from same time and to be secured by bond and mortgage. The purchaser to pay all expense of preparing and stamping deeds, mortgage, &c.

SAMUEL ALLISON,
Guardian of minor Children of Dr. Geo. W. Allison, dec'd

At the same time and place will be offered also the other undivided two-fifths of the same property, on the same terms as above mentioned, of the party purchasing may obtain the entire premises.

ELECTA J. and GEORGIANA ALLISON.


WILSON

AND

STEWART,

Diamond, Rochester, Pa.

(WITHIN A FEW DOORS OF F. A. FORTNEY'S DRY GOOD STORE.

HAVE JUST RECEIVED AND OPENED FOR inspection, their large and well selected stock of Fall and Winter

BOOTS, SHOES & RUBBERS,

Direct from the Manufacturer, and of our own Manufacture, which we offer low, having bought at the late decline, and will be sold to suit purchasers. Our Stock is large in every department, and we defy competition. To be convinced is to try a pair.

☞ *All work warranted and mended by us.*

WILSON & STEWART,
In the Diamond,
Rochester, Pa.
apr24'67.

7th

GRAND OPENING

OF

Fall Goods

AT

GEALY'S

NEW

Millinery, Trimming

AND

SHOE EMPORIUM!

TWO DOORS BELOW STILES & SHALLENBERGER'S WATER ST., Sign of the RED POST, BRIDGEWATER.

N. B.—I HAVE REMOVED TO THE ROOM formerly occupied by J. M. Peart on Water st., where I will be glad to see all my old customers, and all others favoring me with a call.

I am now receiving a large and splendid Stock of latest Spring Styles of Millinery, Trimmings, &c., &c., which will be sold very cheap.

MILLINERY,

Of every description—Silk and Straw Bonnets, Ladies' and Misses Hats, Ribbons, Flowers, Ruches, &c.

TRIMMINGS.

Of all kinds, for Dresses and Sacques, Gimps, Cords, Laces, Chenellis, Eugenie Ruffles, Buttons, &c.

BALMORAL AND HOOP SKIRTS, CORSETS, HAIR NETS, BELTS, BUCKLES, &c.

Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods

Gent's & Ladies, Paper Collars.

MEN AND BOYS' HATS AND CAPS, NECK-TIES, SUSPENDERS, UNDERSHIRTS AND DRAWERS

# The Beaver Argus.

BEAVER, OCTOBER 2, 1867.


## Local and Miscellaneous.

WM. BINGHAM, Jr., 54 Fifth street, Pittsburgh, is the authorized agent for THE ARGUS in that city.

### New Advertisements.

The attention of the public is directed to the following new advertisements, which appear for the first time in THE ARGUS to-day

Executor's Notice—D. H. Stone.
Watch lost—J. W. Wilson.
Boots and Shoes—Wilson & Stewart.
Sheriff's Sale—J. S. Littell.
Anti-Bilious Pills—Dr. Bolinger.
O. C. Sale—Sam'l. Allison.
Groceries & Hardware—A. S. Harvey.
Special Notices—Wilson & Stewart.
Special Notices—R. Talion.
Special Notices—Wilson & Brown.
Special Notices—B. Mulheim.
Special Notices—A. S. Harvey.
Special Notices—J. H. Bence.
Special Notices—Watt Gealy.

Some of the Copperhead organs ask for the repeal of the reconstruction laws. Why not repeal Five Forks and Appomattox Court House?

**Wanted.**—An active, intelligent boy of 16 or 17 years of age, is wanted at this office, to learn the printing business. Apply immediately.

Some of the Lost Cause organs are boasting of the number of Democrats who entered the Union armies and fought against the slaveholders' rebellion. But the organs forgot to mention that the men never returned to the Democratic party, and that they are still engaged in fighting against traitors.

**Election of Trustees.**—The annual Election for Fifteen Trustees for "Beaver Seminary and Institute," will be held at the Seminary building, on Saturday next, October 5th, at 2 P. M.

**Our County Fair.**—Our agricultural and mechanical friends throughout the county should bear in mind that our county fair takes place on Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, (2d, 3d and 4th) of October. Every person in the county should be present on the occasion.

**Universal Suffrage.**—By an act of the Nebraska Legislature, passed June 21, 1867, women of lawful age are allowed to vote at the district school meetings. The first elections under the law will be held in October. The Omaha *Republican* suspects "the entering wedge is thus driven for universal suffrage in Nebraska."

**Frost.**—On last Friday morning, we understand, there was some frost in different portions of the county, particularly was this the case on high points of ground.

**Intends Moving Away.**—Hon. Wm. Montgomery of Washington county advertises for sale all of his property, real and personal, in the papers of that county. This, taken with other circumstances that have recently come to our knowledge, leads to the belief that himself and family intend removing from this part of the country, but whither we have no information.

**Painful Accident.**—On Tuesday last Wm. Thomas, Esq., of Chippewa township, was severely injured by the running away of a colt, which he was breaking to work in a wagon. His injuries were quite painful at the time, but at present he is almost well again.

**Fine Peaches.**—A. B. Wolf, Esq., left a fine assortment of peaches, raised on his farm, at this office, a few days ago. We promised a couple of months ago to give his fruit an examination, and now after doing so we pronounce it "first class."—Long may he live.

Those opposed to rebellion, fratricidal war, carnage, waste and general misery, will keep the Democratic traitors out of power, as, when these dangerous men are in power, the country is never at peace. The "whiskey insurrection," Burr's treason and Davis' rebellion, had their origin in the same cause, and were engendered by the influences which now constitute the vital principles of modern Democracy. These all, Seize peace, progress and prosperity, will vote Republican tickets.

You can't condemn rebellion and treason by voting Democratic tickets, because the Democratic party said the one was justified the other, and until rebellion and treason are condemned at the ballot-box as they were defeated on the battle-field, the Union will have no permanence and the Government will not be safe. The republic can only live in the triumph of the Republican party.

Those opposed to a relief of the tax on real estate, which is always paid by the mechanic and workingman's hand, will vote a Republican ticket in order to secure a Republican majority in the Legislature. The Republican party repealed this tax. The Democratic party is determined to relevy it, if only to show their violent hate of Republican reform and retrenchment.

**Horse Stolen.**—Robert Donk, of Frankfort Springs, Beaver county, Pa., had a horse, saddle, and bridle stolen at the Hancock county Fair, on the 29th inst. The following is the description: Black mare, five years old, white star in forehead, 15 hands high; black cut seat saddle, red reigned bridle and halter were on the mare when stolen. He offers $25 reward for her recovery.

From the Columbus (Ohio) Journal.]

**Democratic Orator Confounded.**

We are informed that a village in one of the "back-bone" Democratic counties was the scene of a funny incident a few evenings since, whereby a Democratic orator was utterly confounded and brought to grief by a man of his own party. The circumstances are as follows:

He had told them how the rich bondholder had reduced them to slavery in spite of the efforts of the goddess of Liberty and several other personages, both human and celestial, till then unknown to the audience. He quoted extensively from George Francis Train's "demagogue" speech, and among other things the following:

"Work! work! work!
From the dawn to the dusk of day,
For your hopes are crushed with a weight of debt,
That the toil of your life won't pay!"

Having wrought up his hearers almost to mutiny, he left that branch of his subject, and proposed to show up some of the Republican leaders, beginning with Ben Wade. "Why, fellow-citizens," said he, "there is Ben Wade, a regular agrarian, who wants all the property divided so that every man will have an equal share." [Thundering applause, and cries of "Bully for him!" "That's the ticket!" "He's the man for me!"] "Why, fellow-citizens," said he, "Ben Wade is a Radical and an agrarian; he"—[Deafening applause, and yells of "Good for the Radicals!" "Bully for the agrarians!"]

The speaker was thunderstruck. Evidently, his hearers had never heard of Ben Wade and the Radicals. They had been well stirred up against the rich, and they thought that radicalism was a species of democracy, of which Ben Wade was the champion.

"Gentleman fellow citizens," continued the speaker, "I don't think you exactly understand me. Ben Wade is the Vice President, elected by the Radicals, and he is himself a Radical, and an agrarian land pirate to boot. Why, what do you think? He proposes to take the rich man's property, for which he toiled in early life, and give it to those who have no property, even though they do no work. What do you——"

A voice. "Three cheers for Ben Wade!"

And in spite of all that two or three village leaders, candidates for constable and supervisor, could do, the crowd gave three thundering cheers for Ben Wade and the "agrarians." The orator, finding that he had got on the wrong track, abruptly brought his remarks to a close. A lie, in this instance, made Ben Wade several friends. And we scarcely feel like congratulating him on the acquisition.

**Letter from Hon. E. B. Washburne,**

Member of Congress, and Chairman of the Committee on Ways and Means.

PARIS, July 10, 1867.

MR. STEINWAY—*Dear Sir:* Permit me to avail myself of this occasion to congratulate you upon your eminent success in obtaining the *First* of the Gold Medals awarded to Pianos at the International Exposition in this city.

It is more gratifying to every American citizen, as it seems to be understood that by your new system of piano-making, you have placed the United States at the head of this industry for the entire world.

E. B. WASHBURNE.

These famous Steinway Pianos can be found in this city at H. Kleber & Bros.' warerooms, 122 Wood street, Pittsburgh, who retail and wholesale them at factory prices.—*Pittsburgh Paper.*

### The Dairy Maid.

The girl engaged in moulding bread,
Shall make some sweetheart flutter,
With hope to get that dairy maid
To make his bread and butter.

She may not play the game croquet,
French and German stutter;
If well she knows the curd from whey,
And makes sweet bread and butter.

In meal or cream she's elbow deep,
And cannot stop to putter;
But says if he will now and reap,
She'll make his bread and butter.

The dairy maid, the farmer's wife,
Shall be the toast we utter;
Alone, man leads a crusty life,
Without good bread and butter.

**The Ruth and Little Case.**—The case of Ruth and Little, the Washington county Fogies lawyers, was decided on the 23d inst. His honor Judge Acheson delivered an able opinion on the case, which we will publish in full next week. The concluding portion of it is as follows:

"It is therefore ordered and adjudged that the respondent E. R. W. Little, be suspended from the practice of the law as an attorney of this Court for the period of two years from this date, and that the respondent, James R. Ruth, be suspended from the practice of the law as an attorney of this Court for the period of one year from this date. We make this distinction because the latter appears to have been less active and culpable in this disgraceful transaction than his colleague."

**The Original French Document Arrived.**

"Je certifie que la premiere medaille en or pour les pianos Americaine a ete donnee a l'unanimite a Mr. Steinway, par le Jury de l'Exposition Internationale. Class 10, premiere sur la liste.

*Le President:*

Georges Kastner, Ed. Haslick, L. Scheidmayer. — Members: Mellinet, Ambroise Thomas, F. A. Gevaret."

TRANSLATION.

I certify that the First Gold Medal for American Pianos has been unanimously awarded to Messrs. Steinway by the Jury of the International Exposition. First on the list in Class X.

Mellinet,
President of International Jury.

George Kastner, Ambroise Thomas, Ed. Haslic, F. A. Gevaret, L. Scheidmayer, } Members of the International Jury.

The original certificate, together with the "original catalogue of awards," in which the name of STEINWAY & SONS is recorded *first* on the list, can be seen at the Steinways' warerooms, New-York, and *facsimile* copies of the same at H. Kleber & Bro.'s, the sole agents, warerooms, 122 Wood street, Pittsburgh.

The above document settles the question finally and conclusively as to which are the *best* pianos of the world, and which, as such, receive the *first prize* over all others at the Paris Exposition. In view of this decision, which is a fatal blow to the aspirations and pretentions of the contending Boston house (Chickering & Sons), the attempt of the latter to cover up their defeat and divert public attention from the only recognized authorities by ostentatiously parading a mimarchial toy conferred *outside* of the Exposition, appears as puerile as it is ineffectual. Although the great popularity and fame of the Steinways is not the result of *medals* (or honorable or dishonorable "crosses") but of the acknowledged *superiority* of their Piano Fortes, yet it is gratifying to know that the highest musical authorities of Europe unite with us in according to them the *first* and *highest* place on the list of the piano manufacturers of the world.—*N. Y. Exchange.*

**A Stanza for Antietam.**

*[Impromptu.]*

Antietam's sacred by the blood,
Of patriot hearts in crimson flood.
Poured forth with stainless flow,
Antietam's desecrated now!
When Johnson makes his traitor bow,
And Swann his puppet-show.

R. S. MATHEWS.

Sept. 17, 1867.

**Temperance Vigilance Committees.**—The following named persons are requested to act as vigilant committees in their respective election districts.

*Beaver borough*—D. Singleton, Thos. McCreery, Moses Scott.

*Bridgewater*—Thos. Campbell, sr., Alfred C. Hurst David Woodruff.

*Phillipsburgh*—W. G. Taylor, N. P. Kerr, —— Carey.

*Moon township*—Joseph Nevin, Dr. Jas. Elliott, Robert Cooper.

*Hopewell tp*—Robert C. Scott, J. C. Richie, W. M. Calvert.

*Independence tp.*—Arthur Shields, Jas. Sterling, David Reed.

*Raccoon tp.*—Jas. Smith, Sam'l Kennedy, Geo. L. Robinson.

*Frankfort district*—Wm. Cruthers, Caleb McClung Wm. M. Clily.

*M'Guire's district*—John L. Moore, Robert Harshe, John C. Cheeks.

*Greene tp.*—Charles Calhoun, Aelx. McCoy, Joseph M'Ferrin.

*North Sewickley tp.*—Jas. J. Hazen, Jas. K. Thompson, Jas. Warrick.

*Pulaski tp.*—Henry Phillis, Ephraim Smith, E. B. Dougherty.

*Marion tp.*—J. W. Boots, Sherlock Stone, Thomas Phillis.

*New Brighton—North Ward*—Thos. Miller, C. U. Myers, S. Kinsley.

*Middle Ward*—Joseph Wilson, H. B. Beisel, Jas. Mitchel.

*South Ward*—Joseph Alexander, Elias Alexander, John Hodgkinson

*Rochester tp.*—John Whisler, Atlas Heflo, A. P. Lacock.

*Rochester, boro.*—W. A. Smith, John Carter, Dr. Shallenberger.

*Freedom district.*—Henry Bryan, Wm. Kerr, George McCaskey.

*New Sewickley tp.*—Dr. Robinson, E. Reeder, John Brown.

*Industry district*—L. M. Knight, W. H. McKenzie Dr. Cummings.

*Economy tp.*—Geo. Neely, Sam'l. McManamy, John Y. Marks.

*St. Clair boro.*—Jas. Reed, Jos. Paul, David Musser.

Will our friends, in each election district, see to it that the the temperance tickets are at the polls in good time and that at least one good trusty person from each of the political parties have charge of them separate from party tickets—if the Vigilant Committee is composed entire of one party substitute a good man from the other side. Limited acquaintance with the people of the different districts may not have enabled us in all instances to make a fair divide as we wished to do. We sincerely trust that the friends of temperance will be active on the day of election.

JOHN F. DRAVO,
Ch'n Ex. Com.

Beaver, Sept. 23, '67.

**What Does the Republican Party Do?**

Our opponents have no other attack to make upon the Republican party, but such as charge it with being exclusively devoted to the interests of the negro.—When such as these make this charge, let all Republicans reply that the Republican party has for its object and its principles such measures as follows:

It maintains the inalienable rights of all men to life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness.

It is opposed to discriminations at the ballot-box founded on property, birth-place, creed or color.

It insists upon liberty of speech and of the press, as the best guarantees for the security of Republican institutions.

It is the friend of free schools, and earnestly urges the diffusion of intelligence among all classes of people.

It requires the just subordination of State and local authorities to the authorities and interests of the nation.

It is in favor of United States rights for the benefit of the "one people" of the nation, as against State rights for the benefit of the Democratic party.

It insists upon prompt acquiescence in the decision of the people at the ballot-box.

It demands the maintenance inviolate of the national faith as pledged to the nation's creditors.

It requires a proper distribution of taxation, that its burdens may fall upon property equally.

And it insists upon economy in the administration of all public affairs.

The object in resisting the Democratic rebellion was to maintain the Union. Its object now is to restore and re-establish it upon such solid foundations that the Democratic party cannot again endanger its existence.

It was triumphant in war. It will be temperate in peace, administering the Government with sincere determination to promote the interest of the greatest number and do equal justice to all, regardless of condition, but especially regardful of the interests of the poor, who stand most in need of the protection of law.

It condemns the policy of Andrew Johnson and the Democratic party, because it manifestly tends to the restoration of the doctrines which animated the rebellion.

It sustains the Congress of the nation, because it is manifestly intended to establish the United States upon the enduring principles of equal rights to all men.

And it asserts the rights of all men, regardless to color or previous condition of servitude, to participate in all the political rights that are enjoyed by white men, because that is a right founded in human nature and in Christianity.—*Harrisburgh Telegraph.*

**Alleged Horse Thief Arrested.**—A man calling himself George Hoover, was arrested at Bison Valley on last Friday, on suspicion of being engaged in the horse stealing business. He was committed to jail in Lawrence county. He says he belongs to East Liberty, Allegheny county.

**Mechanics and Laborers!**—If you want plenty of work at fair wages, vote the Republican ticket.—If you want a panic and general business prostration, Sharswood is your man.

### Temperance.

Temperance meetings will be held as follows the coming week:

*Hookstown*—Wednesday Oct. 2 at 1 o'clock P. M.

*Georgetown*—Wednesday Oct. 2 at 7 o'clock P. M.

*New Brighton*—Thursday Oct. 3 at 7 o'clock P. M.

*Smith's School House*—Friday Oct. 4 at 7 o'clock P. M.

The election is at hand, we cannot reach all points, will not Ministers of the Gospel, as friends of Order, Humanity and Morals present the facts in the case to their people and urge them to the discharge of duty. If the vote of Beaver county is against Prohibition, on the 2d Tuesday of October, that vote will be made the grounds of appeal to the next Legislature for the repeal of the Prohibitory law which goes into effect next February.—The people will vote right if we can get the facts before them. Let all help to do this.

JOHN F. DRAVO.

Beaver Sept. 30, 1867, Ch'n. Ex. Com.

**Change of Time—To the Friends of Sabbath Schools in Beaver Co.**

In consultation with prominent friends of the Sabbath School cause, it has been deemed advisable in view of the temperance cause now in active progress and for other reasons, to postpone the annual meeting of the "Beaver county Sunday School Association," to the 17th of October. The Association will, therefore, meet in New Brighton Oct. 17th at 10 o'clock A. M. It is hoped that every Sabbath School in Beaver county, will be represented at the annual meeting. Will the members of the different denominations interest themselves in this important county movement. We had a good time in Beaver last year, we are expecting a better time this year in New Brighton.

JOHN F. DRAVO,
Ch'n. of Association.

**The Importance of The Coming Election.**

There never was an election held for State officers in Pennsylvania whose results will so directly bear on national issues and purposes as the one to be held on the second Tuesday of October ensuing.

The nation risked all it was worth to conquer treason. It won a victory over traitors, and as we were about to gather the fruits of that victory an emergency occurred which enabled Copperheads to interfere to thwart that gathering. The election in Pennsylvania must now not only decide whether treason was unjustifiable, but whether we have conquered rebellion. Andrew Johnson has declared if the Copperheads carry the State he will take it as an indication that the rebellion was not whipped, that treason is no crime, and that traitors are entitled to more privileges under the Federal Government than the men who risked their lives that it might live. If the Copperheads succeed in electing their ticket treason is at once made respectable. What true man is willing to contribute to such a result?

The credit of the nation is staked on the result of the election in Pennsylvania. Sharswood declared during the war to crush rebelion, that the act authorizing the issue of bills of credit was unconstitutional, that such bills of credit are worthless, that our currency system is a fraud, and that consequently the national debt is so much money procured under false pretenses. There is no escape from these issues. The Copperheads have made them. Andrew Johnson has endorsed them. Loyal men must accept them, and the life of the nation depends upon their decision.

At the ballot-box the Copperheads hope to accomplish for treason what they could not do for it on the battle-field. No man can vote mistakenly in such a contest. The issue involved is a question of principle for and against the country. Union men vote to make the victories of our soldiers of benefit. Copperheads vote to break the force of rebel defeats.

### MARRIED.

EWING—MARSHALL—On Wednesday evening the 4th inst., at Augusta, Ky., by Rev. B. H. Hobson, Col. John Ewing, of Washington, Pa., and Miss Lizzie, daughter of Hon. Wm. Marshall.

MERRICK—DUNCAN—On Tuesday morning, the 24th inst., at New Brighton, Pa., by the Rev. B. C. Critchlow, Frank A. Merrick to Laura, only daughter of James Duncan, Esq.

### DIED.

VEON—On Saturday, Sept. 21st, 1867, J. H. Veon, Esq., of Darlington, aged about 30 years.

WHITSELL—In Centerville, Sunday, September 22d, 1867, Mrs. Matilda Whitsell, wife of Laurence Whitsell aged 35 years.

Mrs. Whitsell was prostrated with severe and distressing sickness, about two weeks, all of which she bore with remarkable patience and fortitude. She was a member of the United Presbyterian church, and all who knew her will bear willing testimony that her daily walk was that of a devoted Christian. As a wife she was a loving helpmeet and companion to her husband. As a mother she was tender and watchful over the welfare of her children. As a woman she had endeared herself to all who knew her, by amiable and ever kind deportment.

She has left a family to mourn an irreparable loss.—Society will for a long time feel a void.—*Centerville (Iowa) Loyal Citizen.*

### SPECIAL NOTICES.

PERSONS coming to the Fair would do well to give Talton a call, as he has just received a fresh supply of Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, Balmorals, &c., &c., from the manufactures.

A large lot of ½ and 1 bushel Baskets suitable for Farmers, just received, at A. S. Harvey's, Bridgewater, Pa.

Go to Wilson & Stewart's, for bargains in Boots and Shoes.

WILSON & STEWART have received their large stock of Fall and Winter Boots and Shoes, call and examine.

THE best and cheapest Sugars in the market, at A. S. Harvey's, Bridgewater, Pa.

If you want a cheap pair of Stogas, go to Talton's.

WILSON & STEWART mend their own work free of charge.

LADIES wanting a nice neat Shoe, will do well to call at Wilson & Stewart's, Diamond, Rochester, Pa.

To get the worth of your money, go to A. S. Harvey's Store, Bridgewater, Pa.

TALTON'S is the place to buy nice women Shoes of the latest styles.

THE Extensive Boot, Shoe and Rubber Store of Wilson & Stewart, is in the Diamond, Rochester, Pa.

TALTON'S is the place to buy your cheap Boots and Shoes.

ALL kinds of Rubbers, Metallic Arctic, and Ant-Arctic, at Wilson & Stewart's.

SEE Wilson & Stewart's new advertisement of Fresh arrival of Boots, Shoes and Rubbers.

VISITORS TO THE FAIR, should bear in mind that J. H. Bence, 3d Street, Beaver, has all the Fall Styles out in Millinery Goods, at very low prices.

JUST received at Gealy's, a full line of Fall and Winter Millinery Goods, at the Sign of the Red Post, Water St., Bridgewater.

THE largest and best selected stock of Boots, Shoes and Rubbers, is at Wilson & Stewart's.

TALTON'S is the place to buy your custom made work, as he employs nothing but competent workmen.

CASH Paid for Oats, at Wilson & Brown's

FARMERS! Leave your produce at *all times* at Wilson & Brown's Grocery.

DROP in and see how Wilson & Brown do business, *'tis fast!*

CALL at Wilson & Brown's, for bargains in Groceries.

Go to Gealy's for Millinery Goods, Trimmings, Shoes, Hosiery and Gloves, Zephyr Knit Goods, Ladies Cloths, Gents Furnishing Goods, &c., &c., very cheap, Sign of the Red Post, Water St., Bridgewater.

WILSON & BROWN'S is the place to buy or trade for cheap Groceries.

SUGARS! SUGARS!! SUGARS!!! Very best and cheapest, at Wilson & Brown's, Bridgewater, Pa.

WILSON & BROWN have the best Coffee in market.

STRANGERS IN TOWN, as well as citizens, wishing to supply themselves with Millinery Goods, Trimmings or Fancy Goods, should call at J. H Bence's Establishment, 3d Street, Beaver, they will be able to do so without risk, either as to quality or cost.

A SPLENDID assortment of Fall Styles of Flowers, at J. H. Bence's Millinery Establishment, 3d Street, Beaver.

TEA! TEA!! TEA!!! The very best. Try it once, and you will again.

SPICES! SPICES!! SPICES!!! Go to Wilson & Browns for them, they have the pure.

WILSON & BROWN have more of the best No. 1 Pure Cider Vinegar.

TRY Wilson & Brown's for Groceries, they have the best and cheapest.

Go to Gealy's for Zephyr Knit Swawls, Sontags, Breakfast Capes, &c., at the Sign of the Red Post, Water St., Bridgewater.

GEALY can be found at the Sign of the Red Post, Water St., Bridgewater.

THE place to buy Groceries cheap and good, is at Wilson & Browns's.

FARMERS! FARMERS!! FARMERS!!! Take your produce trade to Wilson & Brown's Grocery, Bridgewater, Pa.

CALL and see an excellent assortment of Carpets, at B. Mulheim's, in Bridgewater.

CHEAPEST Millinery Goods in Beaver county, at Gealy's, call and see, Sign of the Red Post, Water St., Bridgewater.

SHOES cheaper than ever at Gealy's.

SILVER DRIPS, for sale by A. S. Harvey, Bridgewater, Pa.

IF you want Oil Cloths, go to B. Mulheim's, in Bridgewater, Pa.

THE best of Carpets can be had cheap at B. Mulheim's, Bridgewater, Pa.

STEREOSCOPES, and Stereoscopic Views, for sale, cheap, at B. Mulheim's, in Bridgewater, Pa.

IF you have an old style Bonnet or Hat, you want altered to new, go to Gealy's, Sign of Red Post, Water St., Bridgewater.

GOOD MOLASSES for 75 cts. per gallon, at A. S. Harvey's, Bridgewater, Pa.

VISITORS TO THE FAIR, in want of Millinery Goods, should call at J. H. Bence's Establishment, 3d Street, Beaver, all the different styles on hand at prices to suit all.

MILLINERY Goods at astonishing low prices, at J. H. Bence's, 3d Street, Beaver, all styles on hand.

## GENERAL ELECTION PROCLAMATION!

WHEREAS, BY VIRTUE OF THE ACTS OF THE General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "an act to regulate the General Elections within the Commonwealth," it is enjoined upon me to give notice of such elections and to enumerate in said notice what officers are to be elected:

I, JOHN S. LITTELL,

Sheriff of the County of Beaver, do hereby make known and give this public notice to the electors of the county of Beaver, that an Election will be held in said county on the

**Second Tuesday of October next,**

at the several Election Districts as follows:

The electors of Borough township will meet at the Court House in the Borough of Beaver.

The electors of Bridgewater borough will meet at the Town Hall in Bridgewater.

The electors of Phillipsburg district will meet at the public brick school house in said borough.

The electors of Moon township will meet at the house formerly occupied by Amariah Hendrickson, now by John D. Elliott.

The electors of Hopewell township will meet at the school house in the village of Scottsville, in said township.

The electors of Independence township will meet at the house of Alexander Thompson, dec'd., in said township.

The electors of Raccoon township will meet at the house of David Ewing, in said township.

The electors of Frankfort district will meet at the house of George Duncan, in Frankfort.

The electors of M'Guire's district will meet at the house of John Potter in the village of Hanover.

The electors of Greene township will meet at the house of Elijah Niswanger, in Hookstown.

The electors of Ohio township will meet at the house now occupied by Jamison Elliott, in said township.

The electors of Brighton township (not embraced in Industry district) will meet at the school house, near Richey Eakin's in said township.

The electors of the borough of Fallston will meet at the Academy in Fallston.

The electors of Patterson township will meet at the school house in the village of Brighton.

The electors of Chippewa township will meet at the house of Azariah Inman, in said township.

The electors of South Beaver township will meet at the house of John Rowe, in said township.

The electors of Darlington township will meet at the Academy in Darlington.

The electors of Big Beaver township will meet at the house of widow Miller, in said township.

The electors of Franklin township will meet at the house of Engleheart Antencrith in said township.

The electors of North Sewickly township will meet at the house of Nathan Hazen, on land formerly of Benj. Chew.

The electors of Pulaski township will meet at Daugherty's school house, No 4, in said township.

The electors of Marion township will meet at the house of George Hartsell, jr., in said township.

The electors of the upper or north ward in the borough of New Brighton, will meet at the Carpenter shop of Thos. Miller, in said borough.

The electors of middle ward of the borough of New Brighton, will meet at the School House, in said ward.

The electors of lower or south ward of the borough of New Brighton, will meet at the Cut Factory, in said ward.

The electors of Rochester township will meet at the Bolesville school house, in said township.

The electors of the borough of Rochester will meet at the school house in Rochester.

The electors of Freedom borough and district will meet at the school house in Freedom.

The electors of New Sewickly township will meet at the house of John Feazel, in said township.

The electors of Industry district will meet at the school house in Industry.

The electors of Harmony township will meet at the hotel in Economy.

The electors of Economy township will meet at the house of George C. Mills, in said township.

The electors of the borough of Beaver, will meet at the Sheriff's office, in said borough.

The electors of St. Clair borough will meet at the School House, in said borough.

At which time and place the qualified electors as aforesaid will elect by ballot—

One person for Judge of the Supreme Court.
Three persons as members of the House of Representatives of Pennsylvania.
One person for Associate Judge of Beaver county.
One person for Prothonotary of Beaver county.
One person for Treasurer of Beaver county.
One person for Commissioner of Beaver county.
One person for Jury Commissioner of Beaver county.
One person for Auditor of Beaver county.
One person for Poor House Director of Beaver county.
Two persons for Trustees of the Beaver Academy.

**Notice is Hereby Given,**

That every person except Justices of the Peace, who shall hold any office or appointment of profit or trust under the Government of the United States, or of this State, or any city or incorporated district, whether a commissioned officer or agent, who is or shall have been employed under the Legislative, Executive or Judiciary department of this State or the United States, of any city or incorporated district; and also every member of Congress, and of the State Legislature, and of the Select or common Council of any city, or commissions of any incorporated district, is by law incapable of holding or exercising at the same time the office or appointment of Inspector, Judge, or Clerk of any election of the Commonwealth, and that no Judge, Inspector, or any other officer of such election, shall be eligible to any to be then voted for.

Also, in and by the fourth section of an act approved the 19th of April, 1840, it is enacted that the 13th section of the act passed July 2d, 1839, entitled an act relating to the elections of this Commonwealth, shall not be construed so as to prevent any military officer or borough officer from service as Judge, Inspector, or Clerk at any general or special election in this Commonwealth.

And the said act of Assembly, entitled "An Act egulating to the elections of this Commonwealth," passed July 2d, 1839, provided as follows:

That the Judge and Inspectors chosen as aforesaid, shall meet at their respective places appointed for holding the election in the districts to which they respectively belong, before 9 o'clock on the morning of the second Tuesday of October, 1867, and each of said Inspectors shall appoint one clerk, who shall be a qualified voter of said district.

In case the person who shall have received the second highest number of votes for Inspector shall not attend on the day of an election, then the person who shall have received the second highest number of votes for Judge at the next preceeding election shall act as Inspector in his place; and in case the person who shall have received the highest number of votes for Inspector shall not attend, the person elected Judge shall appoint an Inspector in his place; and in case the person elected Judge shall not attend, then the Inspector who received the highest number of votes shall appoint a Judge in his place; and if any vacancy shall continue in the Board for the space of one hour after the time fixed by law for the opening of the election, the qualified voters of the township, ward, or district for which such officers shall have been elected, present at the place of election, shall elect one of their number to fill such vacancy.

It shall be the duty of Assessors respectively to attend at the place of holding every general election or township election, during the time such election is kept open for the purpose of giving information to the Inspectors and Judges when called on, in relation to the rights of any persons assessed by them to vote at such elections, or such other matters in relation to the assessments of voters as the said Inspectors or Judge, or either of them shall from time to time require.

No person shall be permitted to vote at any election, as aforesaid, other than a white freeman of the age of twenty-one years or more, who shall have resided in this State at least one year, and in the election district where he offers to vote, at least ten days immediately preceding such election, and within two years paid a State or County Tax, which shall have been assessed at least ten days before the election. But a citizen of the United States, who has previously been a qualified voter of this State; and removed therefrom and returned, and who shall have resided in the election district and paid taxes as aforesaid, shall be entitled to vote after residing in the State six months: Provided, that the white freemen citizens of the United States, between the ages of twenty-one and twenty-two years, and having resided in the State one year and in the election district ten days as aforesaid, shall be entitled to vote although they have not paid taxes.

No person shall be permitted to vote whose name is not contained in the list of taxable inhabitants furnished by the Commissioners, unless, first, he produce a receipt for the payment within two years, of a State or County tax, assessed agreeably to the Constitution, and give satisfactory evidence either on his own oath or affirmation or of another, that he has paid such tax, or on failing to procure a receipt, shall make oath of the payment thereof; or second, if he claims a right to vote by being an elector between the ages of twenty-one years, he shall depose on oath or affirmation that he has resided in the State at least one year before his application, and makes such proof of the residence in the district as is required in this act; and that he believes verily believe, from the account given him that he is of the age aforesaid, and gives such other evidence as is required by this act; whereupon the names of the persons so admitted to vote shall be inserted into the alphabetical list by the Inspectors, and a note made opposite thereto by writing the word "tax," if he shall be admitted to vote by reason of having paid a tax, or the word "age," if he shall be admitted on account of his age, and in either case, the reasons of such votes shall be called out by the clerks, who shall make the like notes in the list of voters kept by them.

In all cases where the name of person claiming to vote is not found on the list furnished by the Commissioners and Assessor, or his right to vote, whether found there or not, is objected to by a qualified citizen; it shall be the duty of the Inspector to examine such persons on oath as to qualification, and if he claims to have resided within the State one year or more, his oath shall be sufficient proof thereof, but he shall make proof by at least one competent witness, who shall be a qualified elector, that he has resided within the district for more than ten days immediately preceding said election, and shall also himself swear his bonafide residence, in pursuance of his lawful calling, is within the district for the purpose of voting therein.

If any person shall prevent or attempt to prevent any officer of an election, or use or threaten any violence to any such officer, or shall interrupt or improperly interfere with him in the execution of his duty, or shall block up or attempt to block up the window or avenue to any window where the same may be holden, or shall riotously disturb the peace of such election, or shall use or practice any intimidation, threats, force or violence, with design to influence unduly, or overpower any elector, or to prevent him from voting, or to restrain the freedom of his choice; such person on conviction shall be fined in any sum not exceeding five hundred dollars, and be imprisoned for any time not less than twelve months; and if it shall be shown before Court where the trial of such offence shall be had that the person offending was not a resident of the city, ward, district or township where the said offences was committed and not entitled to vote therein, then, on conviction he shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than one hundred nor more than one thousand dollars, and be imprisoned not less than six months nor more than two years.

If any person or persons shall make any bet or wager upon the result of any election within this Commonwealth, or shall offer to make any such bet or wager either by verbal proclamation thereof or by any written or printed advertisement, challenge or invite any person or persons to make such bet or wager, upon conviction thereof, he or they shall forfeit and pay three times the amount so bet or offered to be bet.

If any person not by law qualified, shall fraudulently vote at any election within this Commonwealth, or being otherwise qualified shall vote out of his proper district, or if any person knowing the want of such qualifications, shall aid or procure such persons to vote the person or persons offending shall, on conviction, be fined in any sum not exceeding two hundred dollars, and be imprisoned for any term not less than three months.

If any persons hall vote at more than one election district or otherwise fraudulently fold and deliver to the inspector two tickets together with the intention to vote illegally, or shall vote the same, or if any person shall advise or procure another to do so, he or they so offending shall, on conviction, be fined in any sum not less than fifty nor more than five hundred dollars, and be imprisoned for any term not less than three nor more than twelve months.

If any person not qualified to vote in this Commonwealth agreeably to law, (except the sons of qualified citizens) shall appear at any place of election for the purpose of issuing tickets, or of influencing the citizens qualified to vote, he shall, on conviction, forfeit and pay any sum not exceeding one hundred dollars for every such offence, and be imprisoned for any term not exceeding three months.

The Return Judges of the respective districts in this county, are required to meet at the Court House in the borough of Beaver on the first Friday after the election, being the 12th of October, 1867, at 10 o'clock, then and there to perform the duties enjoined upon them by law.

The Representative Return Judges will meet, in accordance with an act approved May 5th, 1864, at the Court House, in the borough of Beaver, on the seventh day after the election, being Tuesday, Oct. 16th, 1867.

*And by "An Act relating to the Elections of this Commonwealth," passed the 2d day of July, 1839, it is provided and directed as follows:*

SEC. 81. When two or more counties shall compose a district for the choice of a member or members of the Senate of this Commonwealth, or of the House of Representatives of the United States, or of this Commonwealth, the Judges of the election in each county, having met as aforesaid, the Clerks shall make out a fair statement of all the votes which shall have been given at such election, within the county, for every person voted for, as such member or members, which shall be signed by said Judges and attested by the Clerks, and one of the said Judges shall take charge of such certificate, and shall produce the same at a meeting of one Judge from each county, at such places, in such districts, as is or may be appointed by law for the purpose; which meeting shall be held on the seventh day after the election.

SEC. 82. The Judges of the several counties having met, as aforesaid shall cast up the several county returns and make duplicate returns of all the votes given for such office in said district, and of the names of the person or persons elected, and one of said returns, for each office, shall be deposited in the office of the Prothonotary of the Court of Common Pleas of the county in which they shall meet, and the other shall by said Judges be deposited in the nearest post office, sealed and directed as in parts two and three the eighteenth section of this act.

SEC. 83. It shall also be the duty of the Return Judges in every case, to transmit to each of the persons elected to serve in Congress, or in the House of Representatives of this Commonwealth, a certificate of his election, within five days after the day of making up such return.

A FURTHER SUPPLEMENT TO THE ELECTION LAWS OF THIS COMMONWEALTH.

I also give official notice of the following provisions of an act approved June 4th, 1864, entitled "A further supplement to the election laws of this Commonwealth."

WHEREAS, By the act of the Congress of the United States, entitled, "an act to amend the several acts heretofore passed to provide for the enrolling and calling out the National forces, and for other purposes," and approved March third, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, all persons who have deserted the military or naval service of the United States, and who have not been discharged, or pardoned from the penalty, or disability therein provided, are deemed, and taken, to have voluntarily relinquished, and forfeited, their rights of citizenship, and their rights to become citizens, and are deprived of exercising any rights of citizens thereof.

AND WHEREAS, Persons, not citizens of the United States, are not, under the Constitution and laws of Pennsylvania, qualified electors of this Commonwealth:

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That in all elections hereafter to be held in this Commonwealth, it shall be unlawful for the judge of inspectors of any such election to receive any ballot or ballots, from any person, or persons, embraced in the provisions, and subject to the disability, imposed by said act of Congress, approved March third, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, and it shall be unlawful for any such person to offer to vote any ballot, or ballots.

SECTION 2. That if any such judge and inspectors of election, or any one of them shall receive, or consent to receive, any such unlawful ballot, or ballots, from any such disqualified person, he or they, so offending, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof, in any court of quarter sessions of this commonwealth, he shall, for each offense, be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than one hundred dollars, and to undergo an imprisonment, in the jail of the proper county, for not less than sixty days.

SECTION 3. That if any person deprived of citizenship, and disqualified as aforesaid, shall, at any election, hereafter to be held in this commonwealth, vote, or tender to the officers thereof, and offer to vote, a ballot, or ballots, any person, so offending, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof, in any court of quarter sessions of this commonwealth, shall, for each offense, be punished in like manner as is provided in the preceding section of this act, in the case of officers of election receiving such unlawful ballot, or ballots.

SECTION 4. That if any person shall hereafter persuade, or advise, any person, or persons, deprived of citizenship, and disqualified as aforesaid, to offer any ballot, or ballots, to the officers of any election, hereafter to be held in this Commonwealth, or shall persuade, or advise, any such officers to receive any ballot, or ballots, from any person deprived of citizenship, and disqualified as aforesaid, such person, so offending, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof, in any court of quarter sessions of this Commonwealth, shall be punished in like manner as is provided in the second section of this act, in the case of officers of such election receiving such unlawful ballot, or

## Jackson's Universal Washing Compound.

THE best great labor saving invention now being introduced everywhere. A fair trial will convince the most sceptical, no wash board necessary. Three-fourths in money, time, and labor saved by its use. It will not injure fabrics of any kind, and meets a want long felt in household. Will remove paint, grease or pitch, and thoroughly cleanses hands, softens and beautifies the skin. It can be easily and cheaply made, costing far less than soap, and is superior to the best of soap. It is meeting with the greatest favor wherever introduced. Persons will be supplied with Family Rights for making and using it by the Agent, J. Kirkland. The Compound will be left for sale at the stores of Mr. S. C. Linn, Water St., Rochester; L. P. Kramer, North Bridgewater, and A. B. Anderson, Beaver. Orders for Family Rights may be left at the boarding House of Mr. Anderson, near the point, Rochester, or sent by mail, enclosing $1,00 to J. Kirkland, Rochester, Pa.
[my29'67:6mos.

## Shallenberger Bros.

SUCCESSOR TO

STILES & SHALLENBERGER,

Bridgewater, Penn'a.

DEALERS IN

## FINE FAMILY GROCERIES

Queensware, Hardware,

NAILS, WINDOW GLASS, WOODENWARE, WILLOW WARE, BACON, FISH, GRAIN,

AND

Country Produce

OF VARIOUS KINDS,

## ALL AROUND THE WORLD

FIRST PREMIUM

Or a Silver Medal

WAS AWARDED TO

BARRETT'S HAIR RESTORATIVE

By the N. H. State Agricultural Society, at its Fair, holden in Nashua, Sept. 20, 1860.

BARRETT'S

Vegetable Hair Restorative

Restores Gray Hair to its Natural Color; promotes the growth of the Hair; changes the roots to their original organic action; eradicates Dandruff and Humors; prevents Hair falling out; is a superior Dressing. It contains no injurious ingredients, and is the most popular and reliable article throughout the East, West, North, and South.

J. R. BARRETT & CO., Proprietors,

MANCHESTER, N. H.

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS GENERALLY.

E. SELLERS & CO., Pittsburgh, Wholesale Agents; JOHN BOOTH, Beaver; MORGAN CRAIG, New Brighton. [June5'67:6m

J. A. M'GAHAN,

DEALER IN

GROCERIES and PROVISIONS,

(South side of Main Street)

NEW BRIGHTON, PA.

## NEW GROCERIES.

THE UNDERSIGNED, THANKFUL TO HIS friends and customers for the generous patronage heretofore extended to him, takes pleasure in informing them that he has recently made large additions to his stock, and that he can now sell

Groceries

Of the very best quality, as low as they can be purchased west of Pittsburg. His stock embraces the best of

COFFEES, TEAS, SUGARS, SYRUPS, MOLASSES, SORGHUM, RICE, PEPPERS, SPICES, SOAPS, CANDIES, RAISINS, ENGLISH CURRANTS, FIGS, &c.

And in fact everything in my line that is usually kept in a well regulated Grocery Store.

FEED of all kinds kept on hand: and the best brands of FAMILY FLOUR can always be obtained at my store.

All goods delivered if required.

jan26'67:1y. SIMON SNYDER.

## FURNITURE AND CHAIRS

AT REDUCED PRICES!

OUR OWN MANUFACTURE AND WARRANTED

PARLOR,
LIBRARY,
DINING ROOM,
and CHAMBER SUITS,

In Every Variety and Style

SCHOOLS,
HOTELS,
STEAMBOAT,
and PUBLIC BUILDINGS,

FURNISHED ON MOST REASONABLE TERMS

T. B. YOUNG & CO,

38 & 40 Smithfield street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

may4'67:6m

WILSON.....HARVEY BROWN.

## NEW STORE, NEW FIRM

AND

New Groceries.

## WILSON & BROWN

RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCE TO THEIR numerous friends and the public generally, that they have opening a New Grocery Store, on

BRIDGE STREET, BRIDGEWATER,

adjoining the Dry Goods Store of A. G. Hurst, on the 6th day of March.

It is their intention of having on hand, at all times, a full assortment of the

BEST FAMILY GROCERIES,

and they beg leave to state that they are determined to compete with all other dealers in the town or [illegible]. Their stock of Goods are all new, and having had the late great reduction, and selected with the greatest care by Mr. HARVEY BROWN, whose knowledge of the business cannot be questioned, having been with Mr. Arthur Harvey for many years.

They call particular attention to their stock of Teas and Coffees, as they flatter themselves they have something extra to offer as to price and quality.

The best brands of Family Flour always on hand. Produce taken at all times at full market prices. *All goods delivered.*

WILSON & BROWN.

Bridgewater, feb. 27, 1867—1y.

W. A. ROSE, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN, SURGEON & ACCOUCHEUR,

Has permanently located in the TOWN OF ROCHESTER. Prompt attention given to all calls, excepting when professionally engaged.

☞ Office: Adjoining the "Mansion House," in the old Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad Depot, Rochester, Pa. [my29'67:1f

## DISSOLUTION.

THE PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE EXISTING between the undersigned, in the tailoring business in Bridgewater, Pa., was dissolved by mutual consent, on the 8th day of September. All persons indebted to said firm of having claims against them will please call and settle without delay.

JOSEPH BRAUN.
DANIEL MILLER.

The tailoring business, will in the future, be conducted by Mr. Miller, who has taken the building adjoining the one formerly occupied by the above firm, and who will take pleasure in retaining the patronge heretofore extended to Braun & Miller.

C. F. WINTER.....W. L. BEDISON.

## WINTER AND BEDISON,

(SUCCESSORS TO C. F. WINTER.)

DEALERS IN WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY, Silver and Plated Wares, Musical Instruments, Notions, &c., &c.

☞ Special attention given to the repairing of Watches, Clocks and Jewelry.

Store: Cor. BROADWAY & APPLE STREETS, NEW BRIGHTON, PA. [jan7'67

## LUMBER, LUMBER.

THE BEST, CHEAPEST AND MOST CONVENIENT place to buy Lumber is at the

*SAW AND PLANING MILL*

Of WM. DAVIDSON, on the Big Beaver, a half mile above the Bridgewater and Rochester bridge,

*IN NORTH BRIDGEWATER,*

*Beaver County, Pennsylvania.*

Constantly on hand—a large lot of sawed lumber, timber and logs, lath and shingles. All kinds of lumber planed. A kiln for the drying of lumber attached.

Patrons of this yard are guaranteed satisfaction.

jan26'67:tf.

## Notice to the Inhabitants of New Brighton and Elsewhere.

I have this day associated with me in the practice of medicine, my son, Dr. W. G. Stewart, office on Bridge street, opposite public square, where we may be consulted at all hours. THOS. STEWART.

JULY, 1st, 1867.

Dr. Thos. Stewart having had an experience of ten years in the investigation and treatment of Female diseases, and weakness, has at the request of many of his friends, consented to spend Monday's at his office, on Jefferson street, opposite the Methodist Church, New Castle, and Thursday, Friday and Saturday of each week, at his office, in New Brighton, where he will almost exclusively devote his attention to the treatment of diseases peculiar to females. Persons wishing to visit the Doctor for consultation or treatment, will find him at his offices as above stated, from 9 a. m. to 10 p. m., where he will wait on them with pleasure.

Those requesting will be furnished with the names of many who have been treated by him.

Correspondents will address the Doctor at New Brighton, Pa., P. O. Box 123, where all communications will receive prompt attention.

july3'67:6mos.

## CARPET STORE

Removal.

## M'CALLUM BROTHERS

*Will remove on March 1st, 1867, from 87 Fourth street, to their new and elegant Warehouse*

NO. 51 FIFTH STREET,

ABOVE WOOD ST.,

## PITTSBURG,

Built by them expressly for the accommodation of their large and increasing business. Having very superior facilities for business, they will keep constantly on hand a large assortment of all Goods pertaining to the Carpet business, which they offer at Wholesale or Retail to the trade and public at lowest market rates.

mar6'67:1y] McCALLUM BROTHERS.

## NEW ARRIVAL

AT

Mulheim's Store,

IN BRIDGEWATER, PA.

25,000 Rolls of WALL PAPER,

Of the Latest Styles and Patterns just received from NEW YORK.

The subscriber again thanks his numerous friends for their former patronage. Anticipating their wants and tastes, I visited New York and closely selected one of the largest stock of

VARIETY GOODS, &C.,

Ever brought to this county, consisting of

| | |
|---|---|
| *Traveling Sacks,* | *Ladies' Satchels,* |
| *Fancy Goods,* | *Children's Carriages,* |
| *Books, Stationery,* | *Carpeting, Oil Cloths,* |
| *Window Blinds,* | *Rugs, Brushes, &c.,* |

All of which I will sell cheaper than they can be purchased for in the city. Give me a call before purchasing elsewhere.

B. MULHEIM,
Bridge Street,
Bridgewater Pa.

## HARDWARE STORE!

J. S. WINANS,

NEW BRIGHTON, PA.,

DEALER IN

## HARDWARE,

*IRON, NAILS, GLASS, AND*

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

CARPENTERS' TOOLS,

BLACKSMITHS' TOOLS,

MASONS' TOOLS,

SHOEMAKERS TOOLS,

SADDLERS' TOOLS,

PLASTERERS' TOOLS,

MINERS' TOOLS.

SADDLERY HARDWARE,

BENT FELLOWS & SHAFTS,

LOCKS, BOLTS & HINGES,

PICKS, MATTOCKS & HOES,

COUNTER & PLATFORM SCALES,

TABLE & POCKET CUTLERY,

HORSE SHOES & NAILS,

TIRE & CARRIAGE BOLTS & NUTS,

CORN SHELLERS, STRAW CUTTERS.

ALSO, PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES,

AND PUTTY.

AGENT FOR

EXCELSIOR MOWER AND REAPER, AND NEW BRIGHTON FIRE-BRICK WORKS.

m2,'67.

C. I. WENDT, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIST,

NEW BRIGHTON, BEAVER COUNTY, PA.

OFFICE AND RESIDENCE ON LOCUST ST. between Railroad and Bridge sts. [my16'67:2m.

J. R. SPEER, M. D., AND A. M. SPEER, M. D., having associated themselves together in the practice of Medicine and Surgery, respectfully offer their services to the public; the former in the various branches of the profession; the latter more particularly in the treatment of the

*DISEASES OF THE EYE AND EAR.*

Dr. A. M. SPEER having availed himself during the last fifteen years of the advantages afforded by the best hospitals and teachers in this country and in Europe, for obtaining a thorough knowledge of the structure and diseases of those important organs, will hereafter devote special attention to their medical and surgical treatment.

Office, No. 195 PENN ST., two doors from St. Clair street, Pittsburgh.

Office hours—9 A. M. to 12 M., and from 2 to 5 P. M. sep11'67:tf.

## Grape Vines.

C. W. ELLIOT & SONS OFFER FOR SALE, at very low, this coming autumn, 200,000 Concord & Ives' Seedling Vines. These vines are grown from single eyes of well ripened wood, in broad, open borders, where, having perfect freedom, they make substantial woody roots full of fibre. For several years our stock of vines have been exhausted in the autumn. Those, therefore, who want them should order early.—We also offer a large stock of Peach, Apple, Pear and Cherry Trees; also Strawberries, and all other small fruits and roses; a few thousand also of the following Vines: Isnes, Hartford, Prolific, Crevilleng, Rebecca, Allens, Hybrids, and Isabella. Orders addressed to us will receive prompt attention, and we will send Plants, Vines and Trees in the very best condition. Send for Price List.

OFFICE AND SEED STORE:—No. 109 Market Street, Pittsburgh, Pa. J. W. ELLIOT & SONS, Proprietors.

aug14'67:3m.]

## Notice.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE UNdersigned citizens of Beaver county will apply to the next annual session of the Pennsylvania Legislature for the creation of a corporate body with banking and discounting privileges under the name and style of the "Beaver County Banking and Safe Deposit Association," to be located in Beaver, Beaver county, Pa. The specified object of said Association to be the receiving of deposits in money and valuables at the risk of the Association, for which a reasonable charge will be made, to be regulated by law; receiving deposits and discounting in accordance with the customs of other banking associations. The amount of capital to be fifty thousand dollars, with the privilege of increasing to one hundred thousand dollars.

| | |
|---|---|
| JOHN BARCLAY, | WM. ORR, |
| M. S. QUAY, | GEO. W. DAWSON, |
| W. W. IRWIN, | I. N. STRINS, |
| D. L. IMBRIE, | JOHN MOORE, |
| JOHN CAUGHEY, | JOHN R. EAKIN, |
| J. S. HUTAN, | H. B. ANDERSON, |
| M. WEYAND, | D. M'KINNEY, |
| H. HICE, | J. WEYAND, |
| J. C. WILSON, | J. H. HARBAH. |
| GEO. W. HAMILTON, | |

## A. S. HARVEY,

DEALER IN

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS,

HAS JUST RECEIVED A FRESH SUPPLY OF

| | |
|---|---|
| Cranberries, | Hominy, |
| Canned Peaches, | Turkey Prunes, |
| do Tomatoes, | Layer Raisins, |
| do Green Corn, | Seedless Raisins, |
| do Plums, | English Currants, |
| Dried Corn, | Goshen Cheese, |
| do Peaches, | Sweet Potatoes, |
| Pickles, | No. 1 Mackerel. |

Also, a prime assortment of Teas, Sugar and Coffee. ☞ Terms, strictly CASH.

A. S. HARVEY,
Bridge street, Bridgewater.
nov28'66

## J. & H. PHILLIPS,

26 & 28 ST. CLAIR ST.,

## Pittsburg, Pa.,

Manufacturers and Dealers in

FLOOR OIL CLOTHS,
FURNITURE OIL CLOTHS,
ENAMELED OIL CLOTHS,
TABLE OIL CLOTHS,
STAIR OIL CLOTHS,

Transparent Green Oil Cloth,

for window shades.

Transparent Window Shades,

BUFF HOLLANDS.
SHADE FIXTURES.
TASSELS, CORDS, &c., &c

ALSO, DEALERS IN

India Rubber Machine Belting, Hose, Steam Packing, Casket, Tubing, Cement, Clothing, and Rubber goods generally.

Oak Tanned Leather Belting, Lace Leather, Belt Hooks, Rivets, Lubricating Steam Packing, &c.

*Agents for the Universal Clothes Wringer.*

A general assortment of the above named goods always on hand.

☞ Orders respectfully solicited and promptly filled. [my1'67:6m

E. PENT STEWART.....R. A. WILSON.

## SPRING AND SUMMER!

BOOTS AND SHOES.

## WILSON & STEWART,

WOULD RESPECTFULLY INFROM THE PUBlic, that they have have just received direct from the manufacturers, the largest and best selected SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK OF

Ladies', Gent's, Boys' and Children's Boots and Shoes.

GAITERS AND SLIPPERS

All of the latest styles, that have ever been brought to this county, and which they are prepared to sell

AS CHEAP, IF NOT CHEAPER,

Than they can be bought in the city of Pittsburg.

Thankful for past patronage, we solicit a continuance of the same, and invite purchasers to call and examine our goods and prices before purchasing elsewhere.

We have a shop connected to do all repairing.

*All Goods Warranted.*

WILSON & STEWART.
In the Diamond,
apr24'67. ROCHESTER, PA.

## DAWSON & RICHARDSON

Beaver Falls, Pa.

HAVE JUST OPENED LARGE STOCK OF GROCERIES.

NOTIONS,
BOOTS & SHOES,
HARDWARE,
GLASSWARE,
QUEENSWARE,
TINWARE,
NAILS,
DRUGS, &C.

Window Glass all sizes and double strength. Special attention paid to filling orders for large size window glass, &c.

Also,
LINSEED OIL,
CRUDE BURNING OIL,
BENZINE,
COALE'S PATENT DRYER,

Paints of all Colors, Ground, Dry and in Oil.

Purchasers will do well to call and examine our stock of Paints before purchasing elsewhere.

Also, Choice Brands of Flour in Barrel and in Sacks. All kinds of Country produce taken in exchange for Goods.

Remember the place, first door above the Outlet, opposite side of street.

jy10'67:tf.

## S. J. CROSS & CO.

SECOND DOOR ABOVE THE R.R.

NEW YORK STREET,

ROCHESTER, PA.,

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND FOR SALE

AT LOWEST MARKET PRICES,

A COMPLETE AND WELL ASSORTED STOCK OF

## Dry Goods,

CONSISTING OF

BROWN & BLEACHED MUSLIN,
PRINTS, GINGHAMS,
DeLAINE, ALPACCAS,
COBURGS, FRENCH MERINOS,
FLANNELS, Plain and Barred,
WOOL DeLAINES, all Colors,
BLACK SILKS, TIKING,
TABLING, TOWELING,
CHECKS, JEANT,
TWEEDS, SATINETS,
CASIMERES, BROADCLOTH,
CLOAKING,

Balmoral and Hoop Skirts,

NOTIONS,

HOSIERY, GLOVES, &c.

HATS AND CAPS,

Men's and Boys'—a large stock of the latest styles.

BOOTS & SHOES,

Men's, Women's and Children's Gum Shoes, Carpet Shoes, &c., &c.

Ready-Made Clothing,

SCHOOL BOOKS & STATIONERY,

## Hardware.

A large and well assorted Stock, consisting, in part, of

CUTLERY,

Carpenters' Tools, of all Kinds,

| | |
|---|---|
| BUILDING HARDWARE, | BUTT, |
| STRAP HINGE, | SCREW, |
| HUTTER HINGE, | BOLT, |
| LOCKS, | NAIL, &c. |

Window Glass,

Of all Sizes, and Double Strength.

SPECIAL ATTENTION

Paid to filling orders of Carpenters, Contractors, Builders, for

HARDWARE,

GLASS AND NAILS,

LINSEED OIL,

BENZINE,

COAT'S PATENT DYER,

PAINTS OF ALL COLORS,

WHITE LEAD,

PUTTY,

*GROUND, DRY AND IN OIL*

Painters will do well to examine our Stock and Prices before purchasing elsewhere.

## Groceries.

A Fresh and Full supply constantly on hand at very lowest prices.

CHOICE BRANDS OF

*FLOUR,*

*IN BARRELS AND SACKS.*

CARBON OIL,

LARD OIL,

QUEENSWARE,

STONE WARE, &c., &c.

☞ All heavy goods delivered free of charge.

All kinds of grain and country produce taken in exchange for goods.

☞ S. J. CROSS, Conveyancer and Agent of Samuel Simes and the Rochester Land Company.

Remember the place:

CROSS'S STORE,

SECOND BUILDING ABOVE THE RAILROAD,

*NEW YORK STREET,*

Rochester, Pa.

jan2'67:1y

## BRIDGEWATER MARBLE WORKS.

DAVID WOODRUFF, MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN

Italian and American Marble.

Monuments, Head Stones, &c., made to order.

Please give me a call before purchasing elsewhere. ☞ Shop opposite Dr. Smith's Drug Store, Bridge street, Bridgewater.

j25'66:1y DAVID WOODRUFF.

M. MILLER, W. DOLBY, CHAS. LUKENS.

## M. MILLER CO.,

Rochester Planing ash and Door Mill.

Rochester, Beaver Co., Pa

(NEAR RAILROAD DEPOT.)

MANUFACTURERS OF, AND DEALERS IN, Planed Lumber, Dressing, Flooring, Siding, Shelving, Doors, Sash, Shutters, &c., &c.

CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS.

Also proprietors of Clarke & Rhinesmith's Patent Weather Boarding, Patented May 1st, 1866, for the exteriors of houses, &c. This siding consists in forming the various strips of boards of a level or tapering shape across its entire width, with lower or thicker edge, made with a suitable moulding to impart a neat and finished appearance. Shop rights for the manufacture and use of this siding in Beaver county will be sold reasonably.

Having had much experience in building, and the Lumber business generally added to our new facilities for its manufacture, we feel confidence in inviting our old friends and patrons to call and examine for themselves, before contracting elsewhere. [apr10'67:tf

FALLSTON FOUNDRY!

## ENGINE & REPAIR SHOP,

In Fallston Beaver County, Pa.

HAVING refitted and enlarged my stock of machinery and tools, and having secured the services of the best of mechanics, I am prepared to warrant all work done to give entire satisfaction. I have on hand different sizes and styles of Saginaw, Fire Clay, Rolls, and am prepared to make or repair all descriptions of machinery, on reasonable terms.

PLOWS AND PLOW CASTINGS.

I have all the best plow patterns that suit this market, among which is the "Great Western," which has been THE plow of the county for the last fifteen years. There are five sizes of this plow, all of which I manufacture and keep for sale; also "Patent Lever"—right and left—"Mountain King"—right and left—"Side Hill," and nearly all the different kinds in use.

COOKING, FRANKLIN AND HEATING STOVES.

Having made several important improvements on the "Climax," by which coal or wood can be supplied without lifting lids, and having two places for pipe, either or both of which can be used at the same time, with a ventilation to the oven, thus having the advantages of a Cooking Stove, Bake oven and Franklin Stove combined. This Stove has been in constant use for twenty years, and many of them after being used for this period of time, are now in good order. There is but a small portion of this stove that ever burns out, and this is easily and cheaply replaced. To make them still more lasting, we are now putting in tile or fire brick lining. Our other patterns are the Enterprise, Keystone and Premium. Parlor Stoves, large and small heating Stoves, Franklin Stoves, Jenny Lind's, &c. Grate and Grate Fronts, Fenders, Iron Railing of various styles, Wagon Boxes, two Iron Tire Benders, Corn Shellers, Force and Cistern Pumps, Sad Irons, Metal Sinks for kitchen, Sheet Iron and Tinware, always on hand and made to order. In fact, I manufacture and keep for sale, almost everything wanted in the machinery or hardware line.

In addition to our other Stoves, we are now making two new patters, No. 7 and 8, of the Great Republic, which are taking captive, the best cooks and housewives in the country.

Second hand stoves always for sale cheap. Two good new engines, suitable for saw-mill or shop purposes now on hand, and will be sold reasonable.

mar13'67—1y. JOHN THORNILEY.

CHAS. A. DICKEY.....W. H. A. WILSON.

NOW IS THE TIME FOR

## Bargains!

## GRAND CLOSING OUT

OF

## Boots and Shoes

## IN BEAVER!

WILSON & DICKEY WOULD RESPECTFULLY inform the public in general of their intention to close out their extensive stock of Fall and Winter Boots and Shoes, to prepare for a Spring Stock, consisting of

Ladies', Gent's, Boy's and Children's Shoes, Gaiters, Slippers, &c.,

Which will be sold at cost, or below cost, as we are bound to keep up the trade, and thereto the entire satisfaction of our customers. *All goods warranted.*

DICKEY & WILSON,
8 doors East of H. B. Anderson's Store,
Jan9'67. Beaver, Pa.

AT

## MOORE'S DRUG STORE,

IN BEAVER,

May be found the best assortment of

## DRUGS,

## Medicines,

## CHEMICALS,

## PURE

LIQUORS, WINES

And Brandies,

Paints, Oils,

AND

DYE STUFFS:

TOILET ARTICLES, SOAPS,

## BRUSHES.

PATENT MEDICINES

In great variety, all of the best quality, and sold cheaper than can be bought at any other Drug Store in the county.

Duponco's Female Pills, 75 cents per box; Cheesman's, $1; Clark's, $1.

The Largest Stock of

LAMPS & LAMP TRIMMINGS, LANTERNS, STATIONERY, WINDOW GLASS & PUTTY.

Ever offered outside of the city, at Moore's Drug Store, and sold cheaper than can be bought anywhere else.

Let those who doubt this call and see, and they will doubt no more.

July4'67 J. MOORE.

## Lime.

THE BEST LIME IN THE MARKET AT THE Mulvanon Lime Kilns.

ONLY 25 CENTS A BUSHEL.

Send orders to W. J. Dunn, Beaver Post Office, or to the Mulvanon Lime Kilns, Vanport.

Lime delivered on short notice. W. J. DUNN.

sept14'67:3t.

## PAMPHLET LAWS.

THE PAMPHLET LAWS for 1867 have been received, and are now ready for delivery to those entitled to the same. M. WEYAND,

sept18'67:2w Prothonotary.

(*Local* copy 3 times and charge County.)

DOCTOR A. W. ACHESON,

BEAVER, PENN'A.

In the old "Hugh Anderson Property" on 3d street, a few doors west of the Court House.

ly30'67:tf.

## BEAVER LADIES' SEMINARY.

THE FALL TERM COMMENCES ON THE 9TH of September. It is an advantage to pupils to be present at the beginning of the session.

With rooms freshly painted, papered, and furnished, we can promise suitable accommodations to boarders and classes.

A corps of experienced teachers has been secured.—Prof. Ambuhl has charge of the Musical department.

Believing from long experience, that we can give general satisfaction, we request all interested to apply for a circular, with the assurance that we will verify it in every particular.

jan4'67:tf. D. H. A. M'LEAN.

*PEOPLE'S TEA STORE!*

WILSON & UNDERWOOD,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

## TEAS,

AND

CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES,

NO. 15, SOUTH WEST DIAMOND,

(Adjoining Bepler Hotel,)

Allegheny City, Pa.

☞ One of the cheapest and best Wholesale and Retail Stores in the two cities. Call and examine our Stock and Prices. [my29'67:3m

## SPRING FASHIONS!

1867.

BRIDGE STREET, BRIDGEWATER,

NEW ASSORTMENT MILLINERY WILL BE opened at my old stand, lately occupied by Mr. Gealy, on Thursday, March 14th. I wish to inform my old friends, and as many new ones as will please patronize me, that I am now receiving an entire new took of Millinery, of the latest Spring Styles, and will e pleased with an early call.

b mar 13'67:1y. MRS. S. REES.

WM P. GRAHAM.....OWEN BYRNE.

## GRAHAM & BYRNE,

Fashionable Hatters,

No. 52 St. Clair Street,

Between Liberty and Penn Sts., opp. St. Clair Hotel.

PITTSBURGH, PA.

HATS, CAPS and STRAW GOODS,

Of every style and quality, at the very lowest prices.

may22'67:1y.

Origin and History of the Books of the Bible.

BY PROF. CALVIN E. STOWE, D. D.

A WORK OF REAL VALUE AND AN ALMOST indispensable companion of the Bible, showing what the Bible is not, what it is, and how to use it; answering all the objections to its authenticity urged by modern infidels, and tracing the authority of each book up to its inspired authors, giving a vast amount of information heretofore locked up in very rare and costly volumes, making one of the most popular books ever published.

1000 AGENTS WANTED.

Experienced agents, clergymen, ladies, school teachers and others should send at once for circulars giving further information. Address,

ZEIGLER, McCURDY & CO.,
se25'67.4mos. 501 Chestnut Street, Phil'a., Pa.

## UNION LUMBER! LUMBER!!

THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD RESPECTFULLY inform their friends and the public in general, that from this date, they will sell lumber at the following rates, viz:

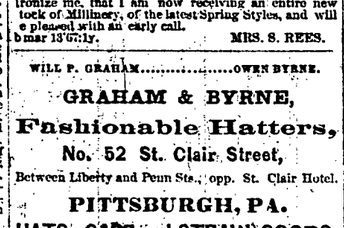
| | |
|---|---|
| Hemlock Joists and Studding | $15 per m. |
| " frame timber any length or size, | $16 per m. |
| Pine " | $22 to 25 per m. |
| " Joists and Studding, | $20 per m. |
| No. 1, Common plank, | $30 per m. |
| Good " | $30 & 22 per m. |
| No. 1, Clear plank, | $50 per m. |
| " Panel stuff, faced, | $40 per m. |
| " | $30 per m. |
| A No. 1, faced boards, | $40 per m. |
| " " 2, " | $30 & 35 per m. |
| Common Boards, faced, | $25 per m. |
| A No. 1, 1st common boards, | $32 per m. |
| Good common boards | $20, 22, 25 per m. |
| Flooring, a No. 1, | $35 per m. |
| " 2, | $30 per m. |
| A No. 1, Shingles, | $6 per m. |
| " " 2, " | $4 per m. |
| Lath, | $4 per m. |

jy17'66. J. & H. DARRAGH.

(*Local* copy and send bill to advertiser.)

## J. M. Harton,

DENTIST.



OFFERS HIS SERVICES TO THE CITIZENS OF BEAVER AND VICINITY.

Artificial Teeth, perfectly fitted, Articulated, Shaped, Sized and Colored, to suit every individual, mounted on fine Gold, Silver, English and American Vulcanite. Teeth extracted without pain by an entirely new process; no Ether, Chloroform, Nitrous oxide or any other anesthetic used in connection with the apparatus.

☞ Office on Third street, 2d door east of H. B. Anderson's store. [feb20'67:6m.

UNION

## AGRICULTURAL WORKS,

ROCHESTER, PENNA.,

A. B. SMITH & CO.,

PROPRIETORS.

MANUFACTURE MOWERS, REAPERS Hallway or Endless Chain, and Lever Power or various sizes, Threshers and Separators, Farm Mills, Cider Mills, Cane Mills and Sorghum Evaporators, Corn Shellers, Dog Powers for Churning, and all other Agricultural Machinery.

REPAIRING AND JOBBING

Of all kinds done on short notice. Machines of any kind built for parties.

Having had an experience of fifteen years in Patents and Patent Business, we are prepared to make Models, Applications, &c., for parties desiring to take out Patents.

Having fitted up our Factory with

NEW AND IMPROVED MACHINERY,

Selected from the best Eastern makes, in person, and employing none but the best Mechanics, we are prepared to do work in the best style and manner.

Having secured the services of A FIRST CLASS PATTERN MAKER, we are also prepared to make any kind or style of Patterns.

Particular attention paid to Repairing Mowing and Reaping Machines, and machinery in general.

We solicit, and hope by attention and care to merit, the patronage of parties wishing work done. Orders from a distance promptly attended to.

ALL WORK WARRANTED.

Address A. B. SMITH & CO.
my29'67:1y Rochester, Pa.

## Lime.

THE BEST LIME IN THE MARKET AT THE Mulvanon Lime Kilns.

ONLY 25 CENTS A BUSHEL.

Send orders to W. J. Dunn, Beaver Post Office, or to the Mulvanon Lime Kilns, Vanport.

Lime delivered on short notice. W. J. DUNN.

sept14'67:3t.

## PAMPHLET LAWS.

THE PAMPHLET LAWS for 1867 have been received, and are now ready for delivery to those entitled to the same. M. WEYAND,

sept18'67:2w Prothonotary.

(*Local* copy 3 times and charge County.)

DOCTOR A. W. ACHESON,

BEAVER, PENN'A.

In the old "Hugh Anderson Property" on 3d street, a few doors west of the Court House.

ly30'67:tf.

## BEAVER LADIES' SEMINARY.

THE FALL TERM COMMENCES ON THE 9TH of September. It is an advantage to pupils to be present at the beginning of the session.

With rooms freshly painted, papered, and furnished, we can promise suitable accommodations to boarders and classes.

A corps of experienced teachers has been secured.—Prof. Ambuhl has charge of the Musical department.

Believing from long experience, that we can give general satisfaction, we request all interested to apply for a circular, with the assurance that we will verify it in every particular.

jan4'67:tf. D. H. A. M'LEAN.

*PEOPLE'S TEA STORE!*

WILSON & UNDERWOOD,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

## TEAS,

AND

CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES,

NO. 15, SOUTH WEST DIAMOND,

(Adjoining Bepler Hotel,)

Allegheny City, Pa.

☞ One of the cheapest and best Wholesale and Retail Stores in the two cities. Call and examine our Stock and Prices. [my29'67:3m

## SPRING FASHIONS!

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IN THE ORPHANS' COURT OF BEAVER COUNTY. In the matter of the estate of Catherine Rose enberger, deceased.

Now to wit: September 9th, 1867, on motion of E. B. Dougherty, Esq., the Court appoint Wm. S. Morian, Esq., an Auditor to make distribution of the balance remaining in the hands of John Reeves, Executor of the will of said decedent, as shown by his account real and personal.

SEAL

True extract from the record.

Attest: JOHN A. FRAZIER, Clerk.

The Auditor appointed in above matter will meet for the purpose of his appointment, at his office, in New Brighton borough, on the 22d day, of October, 1867, at 9 o'clock, A. M., at which time and place parties in interest may attend if they see proper.

W. S. MORIAN, Auditor.

sept28'67:3t.

## STOVES, GRATE FRONTS

HOLLOW WARE, &C.

## Jas. Marshall & Co.,

175 Wood and 230 Liberty Sts.,

Pittsburgh, Penna'a.

MANUFACTURERS OF THE CELEBRATED MIAWATHA Coal Cook Stove, which has the largest oven, heaviest plates, and is the best baking stove ever offered in the market.

Also the Viola Cook Stove for wood, and a general assortment of Heating Stoves, Grate Fronts, Fenders, Sad Iron, Sugar Kettles, Wagon Boxes, Hollow Ware and Castings.

Dealers introducing our stoves have full control of the market as we sell to only one party in the same place.

To persons desiring to assume the agency we offer liberal inducements.

sep25:3t

## NEW GOODS

JUST ARRIVED

Dress Goods,
Muslins,
Casimeres,
Tweeds,
Jeans,
Notions,
&c., &c.

CHEAPER THAN EVER

TO BE HAD AT

## ORR & DAWSON'S,

Third Street, Beaver Penn'a.

CASH PAID FOR WOOL.

aug21'67:1y.

## RAILROADS.

PITTS., FT. WAYNE & CHICAGO RAILWAY.

On and after April 29, 1867, Trains will leave Station daily, (Sundays excepted) as follows. [Train leaving Chicago at 4:30, P. M., leaves daily.]

TRAINS GOING WEST.

| | Exp's. | Exp's. | Exp's. | Exp's. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Pittsburgh | 645AM | 930AM | 215PM | 900PM |
| Rochester | 815 | 1040 | 335 